# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



## BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA

For the year ended December 31, 2022

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#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Prepared by:
Buckingham Township Finance Department
Jill G. Pistory, CPA, Treasurer/Finance Director

#### **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP**

#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

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## **INTRODUCTORY SECTION**



#### **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP**

P.O. Box 413, Buckingham, Pennsylvania 18912 Phone (215) 794-8834 • Fax (215) 794-8837 Website - www.buckinghampa.org

June 5, 2023

To the Board of Supervisors and Citizens of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania:

We hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania for the year ended December 31, 2022. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Bee, Bergvall & Co., an independent firm of certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified opinion on Buckingham Township's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. M D & A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Following the MD & A are the basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, the fund financial statements, the notes to the financial statements, and the statistical section, complete the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

Buckingham Township, incorporated in 1700, lies in the center of Bucks County, in the southeastern part of the state and is part of the Philadelphia Metropolitan Area. The 33 square mile area makes it the largest of the county's fifty-four townships. The Township is bisected by Old York Road, which follows the original route to New York City from Philadelphia established in colonial times. The governing body of the Township is the Board of Supervisors, which consists of three members, elected at large to a six-year term.

The Township provides a full range of municipal services. The public safety program includes police protection, fire marshal, building inspection, planning, zoning, and emergency management. The Highway programs include street sweeping, snow removal, traffic signalization and street markings, street lighting, storm sewer maintenance, bridge and highway construction and maintenance. The Park and recreation department own and operates three community parks and provides a variety of recreational facilities and programs. The Township also fully operates and maintains the water and waste water systems for most of its residents who have public sewer and water connections.

This report includes all the funds of Buckingham Township. There are no separate component units included or excluded. The Township sponsors two defined benefit pension plans, the Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniform Pension Plan. The plans are administered by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS). PMRS is an agent, multi-employer pension system with the purpose to administer sound, cost-effective pensions for local government employees.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION**

Buckingham Township is characterized by gentle rolling hills and productive agricultural soils. The land use composition of the Township in 2012, according to the Delaware Valley Regional Planning Commission, is comprised of 6,342 acres of agricultural use; 5,834 acres of family residential; 3,826 acres of rural residential; 1,525 acres of transportation and utilities; 1,422 acres for parks, recreational use and open space; 491 acres of government and institutional use; 389 acres of commercial use; 89 acres of mining and manufacturing use; 26 acres of water use; 1,165 acres of vacant land; Over 5,000 acres have been preserved from future development.

The 2020 census states Buckingham Township's population as 20,851, which represents an 4% increase from 2010. The Township had experienced steady residential development during the late 1900's. Beginning in 2009, Buckingham had been affected by the nationwide construction downturn and downturn in home values. From 2010 to 2019 the increase in population was .82%, significantly lower development than the decade before. During 2019 through present, we have experienced an moderate increase in activity in the building department, the township issued 2 new housing permits in 2022 and 12 in 2020. The Township's proposed residential development projects include one residential project with 12 Single family homes, 18 townhomes and 12 twin homes which is in the review process and another mixed-use project which is approved but not recorded includes 19 single family homes, 4 apartments, 18 condominiums and two restaurants and one retail location. Taxable property assessed values increased by 0.5% in 2022 and 0.1% in 2021. Current unemployment levels, 2.9 percent, are lower than the state (4.3 percent) and national averages (3.5 percent). Wealth and income levels well exceed state and national medians. Median household income as a percentage of the state is 246%.

Buckingham Township has maintained General Fund balances of at least \$3.9 million since fiscal year 2004. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the total fund balance increased to \$7,105,033, an ample 60.8% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. There was a decrease in 2022 of \$288,552. This decrease was due to an increase in transfers of \$1,677,156. The majority of the decrease was from an increase in transfers to the Capital Reserve Fund of \$1,500,000.

The General Fund budgeted expenditures plus transfers to other funds for 2023 are in excess of budgeted revenues by \$1,965,900. Budgeted fund balance at the end of 2023 will still be an ample \$3,994,422.

In February 2021, "S&P Global Ratings assigned its 'AAA' long-term rating to Buckingham Township, Pa.'s expected \$4 million series 2021A and \$5 million series 2021B general obligation (GO) bonds. At the same time, we affirmed our 'AAA' rating on the township's GO debt outstanding. The outlook is stable."

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Buckingham Township had another busy year in 2022 with individual building projects continuing to soar to pre-covid levels, with multiple promotions and hirings in our police department to replace retiring officers and the completion of our Police Department Accreditation. The Township also began several improvement projects: Little Buckingham Mountain Trail, retrofit of the lighting system in the township building and planning for major computer upgrades in the police department. These projects were all funded in part with rebates and grants which covered a substantial amount of the costs.

While 2022 saw a slight reduction in the amount of new building and land development projects, Township staff stayed busy shepherding small developers and residents through smaller but sometimes more complicated projects. During COVID (2020-2021), the Township saw a large increase in the number of permit applications, specifically for home improvement type projects: swimming pools, spas, basement alterations, decks, and patios. We've also seen an increase in the number of "one off" single family homes which are not part of a larger planned community and often contain state mandated construction of stormwater facilities to Pennsylvania State Department of Environmental Protection (PA DEP) standards. During 2022, the number of incoming permits declined but remains at or just above pre-COVID levels. With the high number of incoming permits in late 2020 and 2021, it is worth noting that issuing a permit in one year does not mean that the project will be completed in the same year. On the contrary, inspections and follow-up on large and/or complicated projects often occur well into the year after the permit is submitted and approved.

With the late 2021 retirements of Corporal Robert Foltz and Sergeant John Bailey with full time service of 29 and 27 years respectively with the department, Buckingham Township Police Department had positions to fill. The year began with the promotion of Officers Jess Hannah and Kevin Myslinski to Corporals. Officer Crusemire went to the Criminal Investigation Department in February as a Detective. Corporal Hazelett was promoted to Sergeant in April along with Officer Skillman's promotion to Corporal. Buckingham Township Police Department also hired five new officers throughout the year. Officers Justin Gerding, Dylan Sherman, Robert Ridolfi, Kyle Mullen and Christopher Shaffer joined our team.

Another highlight of the year for the Buckingham Township Police Department was our first Pennsylvania Law Enforcement Accreditation Commission (PLEAC) Award. Department staff had worked for five years on policy review and creation with a help of a consultant from Law Enforcement Accreditation Services (LEAS) to develop and refine over 140 different policies and procedures to be assessed along with our incident reports by the Pennsylvania Chiefs Association in their review of the department's application to become a Pennsylvania Accredited Police Department.

In the Public Works Department, our employees were busy building the Little Buckingham Mountain Trail made possible in part by funding through a PECO and Natural Lands Trust \$10,000 PECO Green Region Open Space Program grant. The Little Buckingham Mountain Trail is a 0.4 mile hiking trail originally proposed in the 2019 Buckingham Township Master Trail and Bicycle Plan that extends the existing loop trail on Little Buckingham Mountain and connects the Buckingham Forest development to the Upper Mountain Estates development. As Buckingham Forest is also connected to the Windsor Square development through sidewalks and a through road, this hiking trail will ultimately connect over 370 homes in Buckingham Township, Bucks County.

The Public Works Department is also busy securing rebates from PECO for a complete retrofit of the Township building lighting system to a more ecologically friendly and cheaper energy project. The project which is currently underway includes the retrofitting of 268 fixtures to 239 fixtures of LED lights. The total cost of the project is \$29,808 with PECO rebates and incentives bringing the cost to the Township down to \$15,829 total. The annual estimated energy savings is 29,470kWh or \$2,947 in energy cost savings and \$1,372 in maintenance savings – a win for both the environment and the Township.

The Police Department is excited about their recently awarded \$121,640.00 Grant through a Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency (PCCD). This grant will allow the police department to purchase a new records management system. The Alert software system that the Township and many other surrounding municipalities use is approaching its end of life and is soon no longer going to be supported. In addition, Bucks County Emergency Communications upgraded its records management system and computer aided dispatch last year to CODY COBRA systems which is used throughout Pennsylvania. The CODY COBRA system is also a data sharing platform which would allow multiple departments across the state link incident reports so that neighboring department can have the same information we do. Communication is a top priority in law enforcement and this grant will enable the Township to upgrade our computer system to a new and more technologically advanced system without the costs of implementation.

#### FINANCIAL OPERATIONS

#### Accounting Systems and Controls

Responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report is based on a comprehensive framework of internal control that management established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed the anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Our internal control evaluations occur within the above framework. We believe that the Township's internal controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

#### Budget

Annual Budgets are adopted for all governmental funds. The Township's budget policy is for the elected officials to provide direction on goals, service levels, fund balance level and tax levels. Budgetary control is maintained at the fund level, with operating departments charged with the development and maintenance of budgeted expenditures. The Township Manager is responsible for administering the annual budget.

Buckingham Township prepares its annual budget using the technique of Zero-Based Budgeting. All expenditures must be justified as if new during the annual budgeting process, thereby providing continued accountability by the operating departments. That said the Township does do a three year look forward for capital purchases and significant maintenance expenditures in order to assess projected long-term financial outlays.

Encumbrance accounting is used to record an estimated amount for approved purchase orders, contracts and other commitments to vendors. Justification of all expenditures is again required during this process. Legal budgetary control is maintained by the Township Manager with the assistance of the Finance Director. All budget transfers and additional appropriations are approved by the Board of Supervisors. See Note 1 of the financial statements for additional information on the Township's budget policies.

#### Independent Audit

The Township engaged the independent firm of licensed certified public accountants, Bee, Bergvall & Co., to perform an audit of the financial statements. In their report, which is included in the financial section of this comprehensive annual financial report, they expressed an unmodified opinion on Buckingham Township's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

The Township was not required to comply with the provisions of the Single Audit Act, as amended, as the federal funds expended did not total more than \$750,000.

#### Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Buckingham Township for its annual comprehensive financial report for the year ended December 31, 2021. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the township has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The preparation of this report would not be possible without the assistance of all municipal departments. For that cooperation, we are very appreciative. We also wish to express our appreciation to the Board of Supervisors for the continued dedication to the well being of our community. We have the utmost gratitude to the elected officials of the Township for their constant and continual cooperation and interest in the financial operations of Buckingham Township. Their unfailing commitment to maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Buckingham Township but specifically the finances is what enables us to continue to provide the quality of municipal government, which makes Buckingham so outstanding.

Jill G. Pistory, CPA

Treasurer/Finance Director

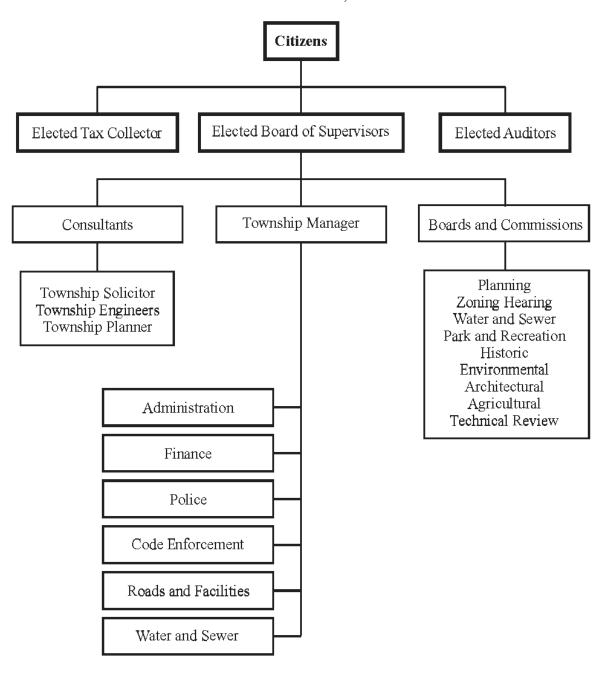
Respectfully submitted,

Dana S. Cozza, Esq. Township Manager

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## BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

As of December 31, 2022



#### **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA**

#### Elected and Appointed Officials

#### **Elected Officials**

#### **Board of Supervisors:**

Chairperson of the Board Paul Calderaio

Vice-Chairperson of the Board Jon Forest

Member of the Board Maggie Rash

**Elected Auditors:** 

Chairperson of the Board Steve Mekanik

Vice-Chairperson of the Board Sam A. Losorelli

Secretary of the Board Chris Taylor

Tax Collector Ann Calderaio

#### **Appointed Officials**

Township Manager/Secretary Dana S. Cozza, Esquire

Treasurer/Finance Director Jill G. Pistory, CPA

Township Solicitor Craig Smith, Esquire

Township Engineer Knight Engineering, Inc.

Township Sewer/Water Engineer Castle Valley Consultants

Township Planner Evan J. Stone, PLA

Township Independent Auditors Bee, Bergvall & Co.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### Buckingham Township Pennsylvania

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

## FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Supervisors Buckingham Township Bucks County, Pennsylvania

#### Report on the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, Buckingham Township implemented the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements No. 87, Leases, for the year ended December 31, 2022, which represents changes in accounting principles. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and the historical trend information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Buckingham Township, Pennsylvania's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory, budgetary schedules, and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Bee, Bergvall and Company, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

See Bergerall Co

Warrington, PA June 5, 2023

#### Buckingham Township Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

This narrative and analysis provide an overview of the financial activities of Buckingham Township for the year ended December 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the beginning of this report and the Township's financial statements, which follow.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Buckingham Township exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2022 by \$152,554,244. Of this amount, \$22,255,223 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the Township's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The Township's total net position increased by \$5,346,294. Net position increased for both the governmental activities and business-type activities. For governmental activities net investment in capital assets increased by \$1,894,539, restricted net position increased by \$1,763,807 and unrestricted net position increased by \$803,273. For business-type activities net investment in capital assets for increased by \$1,384,567, restricted net position increased by \$258,328 and unrestricted net position decreased by \$758,220.
- At the close of 2022, Buckingham Township governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$17,189,244, an increase of \$1,493,338 from the prior year. Approximately 40.4% of the total fund balance, or \$6,947,393, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*) and another \$7,659,445 or 44.6% is committed by the Board of Supervisor's for parks, land conservation and future capital improvements. Additionally, \$2,235,288 or 13.0%, is restricted for future public works projects and \$189,478 or 1.1% is restricted for debt service payments, preservation purchases and emergency services.
- At the end of 2022, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$6,947,393 or an ample 86.1% of total general fund expenditures.
- Buckingham Township's total debt decrease by \$1,427,530 during the current year. This was mostly due to payments on General Obligation Bonds of \$1,400,000 and amortization of issuance premium on those bonds of \$30,873.
- Buckingham Township's bond rating was upgraded to AAA by Standard & Poor's in July 2014 and reaffirmed in February 2021 with a stable outlook.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The Buckingham Township basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Buckingham Township's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They provide both short and long-term information about the Township's overall financial status.

The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the Township's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increase or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Township is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Buckingham Township that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the Township include general government, public safety, public works, conservation and preservation and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the Township include Water and Waste Water operations.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide a detailed look at the Township's most significant funds. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Buckingham Township, like other state and local government, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Buckingham Township can be divided into two categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing the Township's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in financial balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Buckingham Township maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General fund, Debt Service fund and General Obligation Bond fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven funds are combined into a single, aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds if provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-23 of this report.

**Proprietary funds** – Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Buckingham Township has one kind of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Buckingham Township uses the enterprise funds to account for water and waste water activities.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-26 of this report.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 27-28 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29-60 of this report.

**Other information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning Buckingham Township's progress in funding its obligations to provide pension benefits to its employees, which can be found on page 62-67 of this report.

Also included in the supplementary information are the budgetary comparison schedules, which can be found on pages 68-73 and again on pages 79-85 of this report. Buckingham Township adopts an annual budget for all its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund and the major special revenue fund, the park and recreation fund, to demonstrate compliance with this budget. This schedule shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the board, 2) the final budget as amended by the board, 3) the actual revenues, expenditures and ending fund balance, and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual revenues and expenditures.

The combining and individual statements and schedules of governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. They can be found on pages 74-78 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Overall Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position over time, may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Buckingham Township's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$152,554,244, at the close of 2022.

#### **Buckingham Township's Net Position**

Figure 1

			* I	Total			
2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
\$25,277,513	\$22,987,294	\$12,475,440	\$11,468,569	\$37,752,953	\$33,708,054		
76,120,992	75,469,324	53,004,781	53,002,214	129,125,773	128,471,538		
101,398,505	98,456,618	65,480,221	64,470,783	166,878,726	162,179,592		
1,422,354	1,721,408	111,000	130,336	1,533,354	1,851,744		
3,985,035	5,234,228	3,885,297	4,063,634	7,863,310	9,297,862		
2,247,332	3,275,330	390,631	577,840	2,637,963	3,853,170		
6,232,367	8,509,558	4,275,928	4,641,474	10,501,273	13,151,032		
3,781,460	3,323,055	1,568,081	1,097,108	5,349,541	4,420,163		
72,201,385 7,078,261 13,527,386 \$92,807,032	70,306,846 5,314,454 12,724,113 \$88,345,413	50,333,965 685,410 8,727,837 \$ 59,747,212	48,949,398 427,082 9,486,057 \$58,862,537	122,535,350 7,763,671 22,255,223 \$152,554,244	119,256,244 5,741,536 22,210,170 \$147,207,950		
	Acti 2022 \$25,277,513 76,120,992 101,398,505  1,422,354 3,985,035 2,247,332 6,232,367 3,781,460  72,201,385 7,078,261 13,527,386	\$25,277,513 \$22,987,294 76,120,992 75,469,324 101,398,505 98,456,618 1,422,354 1,721,408 3,985,035 5,234,228 2,247,332 3,275,330 6,232,367 8,509,558 3,781,460 3,323,055 72,201,385 70,306,846 7,078,261 5,314,454 13,527,386 12,724,113	Activities         Activities           2022         2021         2022           \$25,277,513         \$22,987,294         \$12,475,440           76,120,992         75,469,324         53,004,781           101,398,505         98,456,618         65,480,221           1,422,354         1,721,408         111,000           3,985,035         5,234,228         3,885,297           2,247,332         3,275,330         390,631           6,232,367         8,509,558         4,275,928           3,781,460         3,323,055         1,568,081           72,201,385         70,306,846         50,333,965           7,078,261         5,314,454         685,410           13,527,386         12,724,113         8,727,837	Activities         Activities           2022         2021         2022         2021           \$25,277,513         \$22,987,294         \$12,475,440         \$11,468,569           76,120,992         75,469,324         53,004,781         53,002,214           101,398,505         98,456,618         65,480,221         64,470,783           1,422,354         1,721,408         111,000         130,336           3,985,035         5,234,228         3,885,297         4,063,634           2,247,332         3,275,330         390,631         577,840           6,232,367         8,509,558         4,275,928         4,641,474           3,781,460         3,323,055         1,568,081         1,097,108           72,201,385         70,306,846         50,333,965         48,949,398           7,078,261         5,314,454         685,410         427,082           13,527,386         12,724,113         8,727,837         9,486,057	Activities         Activities           2022         2021         2022         2021         2022           \$25,277,513         \$22,987,294         \$12,475,440         \$11,468,569         \$37,752,953           76,120,992         75,469,324         53,004,781         53,002,214         129,125,773           101,398,505         98,456,618         65,480,221         64,470,783         166,878,726           1,422,354         1,721,408         111,000         130,336         1,533,354           3,985,035         5,234,228         3,885,297         4,063,634         7,863,310           2,247,332         3,275,330         390,631         577,840         2,637,963           6,232,367         8,509,558         4,275,928         4,641,474         10,501,273           3,781,460         3,323,055         1,568,081         1,097,108         5,349,541           72,201,385         70,306,846         50,333,965         48,949,398         122,535,350           7,078,261         5,314,454         685,410         427,082         7,763,671           13,527,386         12,724,113         8,727,837         9,486,057         22,255,223		

#### **Buckingham Township's Net Position**

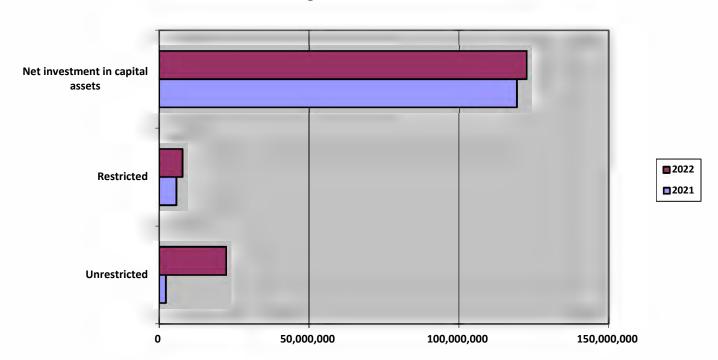
The largest portion of Buckingham Township's net position \$122,535,350 (80.3%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The Township uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Township investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of Buckingham Township's net position, \$7,763,671 (5.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$22,255,223 (14.6%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the township's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

At the end of 2022 Buckingham Township reported positive balances in all reported categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities.

#### **Buckingham Township's Net Position**





The overall net position of Buckingham Township increased \$5,346,294 from the prior year primarily due to reasons discussed in the following sections for governmental activities and business-type activities.

Several particular aspects of the Township's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net position:

- Continued low cost of debt due to the Township's high bond rating.
- Thorough and detailed budgeting process.
- Sound financial operations for many years.
- Although expenditures are evaluated during the budgeting process, management reevaluates all expenditures during the requisitioning process.
- Police Pension is 121% funded and the Nonuniform Pension is 122% funded.
- An ample tax base and increases in tax revenues in 2022 of 6.1%
- Increases in expenses of only 2.1%.

#### **Buckingham Township's Changes in Net Position**

Figure 3

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
		2022		2021	2022		2021		2022		2021	
Revenues:												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	1,068,614	\$	1,078,243	\$ 4,842,371	\$	4,509,738	\$	5,910,985	\$	5,587,981	
Operating grants and contributions		1,286,137		1,134,434	48,652		46,434		1,334,789		1,180,868	
Capital grants and contributions		0		39,120	320,936		195,816		320,936		234,936	
General revenues:												
Real estate taxes		1,559,293		1,532,113	0		0		1,559,293		1,532,113	
Real estate transfer taxes		1,348,197		1,433,897	0		0		1,348,197		1,433,897	
Earned income taxes		8,190,137		7,490,193	0		0		8,190,137		7,490,193	
Local services tax		78,892		75,333	0		0		78,892		75,333	
Investment earnings		126,934		8,052	130,890		63,369		257,824		71,421	
Gain on sale of capital assets		7,611		46,900	0		0		7,611		46,900	
Miscellaneous		125,114		110,217	70,683		91,165		195,797		201,382	
Total revenues		13,790,929		12,948,502	5,413,532		4,906,522		19,204,461		17,855,024	
Expenses:												
General government		363,382		1,527,626	0		0		363,382		1,527,626	
Public safety		4,795,750		4,890,603	0		0		4,795,750		4,890,603	
Public works		2,532,349		2,388,207	0		0		2,532,349		2,388,207	
Parks and recreation		832,357		667,433	0		0		832,357		667,433	
Conservation and preservation		975,920		48,918	0		0		975,920		48,918	
Interest on long-term debt		79,552		58,801	0		0		79,552		58,801	
Water		0		0	1,627,276		1,534,758		1,627,276		1,534,758	
Waste Water		0		0	2,651,581		2,452,855		2,651,581		2,452,855	
Total expenses		,9,579,310		,9,581,588	4,278,857		3,987,613		13,858,167		13,569,201	
Increase in net position before transfers		4,211,619		3,366,914	1,134,675		918,909		5,346,294		4,285,823	
Transfers		250,000		250,000	(250,000)		(250,000)		0		0	
Increase in net position		4,461,619		3,616,914	884,675		668,909		5,346,294		4,285,823	
Net position, beginning		88,345,413		84,728,499	58,862,537		58,193,628		147,207,950		142,922,127	
Net position, ending	\$	92,807,032	\$	88,345,413	\$ 59,747,212	\$	58,862,537	\$	152,554,244	\$	147,207,950	

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the Township's net position by \$4,461,619, accounting for 83.5% of the total growth in net position of Buckingham Township. The primary reason was an increase in net investment in capital assets of \$1,894,539. The majority of this increase was from construction of land improvements in the township parks and the purchase of agricultural easements on land. There was also an increase in tax revenues of \$644,983. The increase is the result of an increase in earned income tax in the amount of \$699,944 due to a tightening in the job market and continued recovery from the pandemic. There was also a step up in collections by the earned income tax collector. Real estate transfer taxes decreased by \$85,700 or 6.0% due to the lack of inventory in the real estate market. Business-type activities: Business-type activities increased the Township's net position by \$884,675 accounting for 16.5% of the total growth in the net position of Buckingham Township. Total revenues for business-type activities increased by \$507,010. This increase is due to increases in charges for services of \$332,633 due to rate increases for both water and waste water, an increase in capital grants and contributions of \$125,120 and an increase in interest income of \$67,521.

#### **Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds**

As noted earlier, Buckingham Township uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Buckingham Township's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Buckingham Township's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of Buckingham Township. At the end of the 2022, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$6,947,393, and total fund balance amounted to \$7,105,033. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 86.1 % of total General Fund expenditures. This represented a \$289,215 decrease in unassigned fund balance. The decrease is the result of an increase in transfers to the Capital Reserve Fund and the General Obligation Bond Fund for future capital purchases. The decrease was minimized by increase in revenues mentioned above and lower than expected increases in expenses.

The fund balances at the end 2022 for the other major funds are as follows; The Debt Service fund balance decreased by \$148,887 to \$45,205, which is committed for the payment of open space debt service. This represented money remaining from real estate tax millage for open space debt. The Capital Reserve fund balance increased by \$2,039,476, almost entirely due to transfers from the General Fund of \$2,000,000.

At December 31, 2022, the governmental funds of Buckingham Township reported a combined fund balance of \$17,189,244, an increase of \$1,493,338 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 40.4% of this total amount, or \$6,947,393, is available for spending at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*). Another \$7,659,445 or 44.6% has been committed for expansion of the parks, land conservation and future capital outlays. The amount of fund balance subject to external restrictions is \$2,424,766, or 14.1%. The balance is \$157,640, or less than 1%, is non-spendable prepaid items.

Proprietary Funds. Buckingham Township's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the business-type activities in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Waste Water Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$9,413,247. The total change in net position for both funds was \$884,675. This was primarily the result operating revenues in excess of expenditures of \$710,991 plus money from the American Rescue Plan Act in the amount of \$320,936 for the connection of the Buckingham Village water system to the Furlong water system.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Township revised the budget on one occasion. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories:

1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once the exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Original budget compared to final budget. Total amendments to the General Fund increased revenue and other financing sources by \$1,872,750 and increased budgeted expenses and other financing uses by \$954,600. The increase in budgeted revenues was due to conservative budgeting due to the uncertainty of the economy after the COVID19 pandemic and better-than-expected tax revenues. The largest amendment of revenues was for earned income tax revenues of \$1,250,000 and real estate transfer taxes of \$325,000. The primary amendments to expenses were an increase in the transfer to the Capital Reserve Fund in the amount of \$1,750,000 in anticipation of improvements to the township building down the road, which was offset by a reduction in transfers to the General Obligation fund in the amount of \$800,000.

Final budget compared to actual results. Revenues and other financing sources were higher than the final budgeted amounts by \$499,080 primarily due to higher-than-expected tax revenues of \$466,876. Expenses and other financing uses were lower than the final budgeted amounts by \$944,618. Public safety costs were lower than the final budgeted amount by \$442,760. This was primarily due to lower salaries and benefits due to the retirement of three officers which were not replaced until later in the year and the hiring of officers at lower pay rates to replace newly retired officers. We also had fewer officers then in the budget due to the lack of qualified candidates. Public Works expenditures were lower than the final budgeted amount by \$196,084 mostly attributed the decrease in snow related expenditures.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets: Buckingham Township's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, totals \$129,125,773 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, land easements and park facilities, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and fixtures and roads, bridges and water and waste water connection systems. In 2022, investment in capital assets increased by \$654,234.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions and deletions:

- Increase in accumulated depreciation of \$1,159,197 for Governmental activities and \$1,519,986 for Business-type activities.
- The purchase of land preservation easements and improvements to parks and trails in the amount of \$1,003,240.
- New fuel tanks at two township facilities in the amount of \$216,715.
- Construction of Holicong Park Pavilion for \$197,930.
- Completion of the Buckingham Village/Furlong water system interconnect of \$320,086 for water and the replacement of the Lojeski spray pumps of \$655,347.

## **Buckingham Township's Capital Assets** (net of depreciation)

Figure 4

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
	2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Land and Land Easements	\$ 44,820,197	\$	44,128,181	\$	8,371,411	\$	8,367,489	\$	53,191,608	\$	52,495,670
Construction in Progress	0		0		1,165,462		6,388,266		1,165,462		6,388,266
Building and Improvements	1,159,053		916,201		11,315,481		5,898,411		12,474,534		6,814,612
Machinery and Equipment	1,018,778		842,791		2,972,581		2,994,215		3,991,359		3,837,006
Vehicles and Equipment	281,204		433,321		109,303		116,134		390,507		549,455
Furniture and Fixtures	18,244		19,441		0		0		18,244		19,441
Infrastructure	28,823,516		29,129,389		0		0		28,823,516		29,129,389
Water and Sewer Connections	0		0		29,070,543		29,237,699		29,070,543		29,237,699
Total	\$ 76,120,992	\$	75,469,324	<u>\$</u>	53,004,781	<u>\$</u>	53,002,214	<u>\$</u>	129,125,773	<u>\$</u>	128,471,538

Additional information on the Township's capital assets can be found in note 6 of the Basic Financial Statements.

**Long-term Debt:** As of December 31, 2022, Buckingham Township had total general obligation bonds outstanding of \$7,800,406, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the Township.

#### **Buckingham Township's Outstanding Debt**

General Obligation Bonds, Pension Debt and Compensated Absences

Figure 5

	Govern Activ			ss-type vities	Total			
General obligation bonds	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
	\$3,926,428	\$5,178,463	\$3,873,978	\$4,052,816	\$7,800,406	\$9,231,279		
Pension related debt	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Compensated absences	58,607	55,765	11,319	10,818	69,425	66,583		
Total	\$3,985,035	\$5,234,228	\$3,885,297	\$4,063,634	\$7,870,332	\$9,297,862		

• The Township's total debt decreased by \$1,427,530 (15.4%) during the past fiscal year. The payment of scheduled principal payments of \$1,225,000 decreased debt for the governmental activities. Likewise the scheduled principal payments of \$175,000 decreased debt for the business-type activities.

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, in February 2021, "S&P Global Ratings assigned its 'AAA' long-term rating to Buckingham Township, Pa.'s expected \$4 million series 2021A and \$5 million series 2021B general obligation (GO) bonds. At the same time, we affirmed our 'AAA' rating on the township's GO debt outstanding. The outlook is stable. Buckingham's full faith, credit, and taxing power secures the bonds. The township intends to use the 2021A bond proceeds for capital projects for its water and sewer system; the 2021B bond proceeds will currently refund its series 2014 GO bonds for interest cost savings over the lifetime of the bonds and is not extending maturities. The rating reflects our opinion of the following factors for the township, specifically its:

- · Very strong economy, which benefits from its participation in the broad and diverse Philadelphia metropolitan statistical area (MSA);
- · Very strong budgetary flexibility with fiscal 2013 audited reserves of 56.6% of adjusted general fund expenditures;
- · Very strong budgetary performance with another operating surplus projected for fiscal 2014;
- · Very strong liquidity, providing very strong cash to cover debt service and expenditures;
- Strong management, coupled with "standard" financial management policies under our Financial Management Assessment (FMA) methodology and a consistent ability to maintain balanced budgets; and
- Weak debt and contingent liabilities position with low overall net debt as a percent of market value and rapid amortization -- The township has exposure to contingent liability risk, but we understand it has sufficient reserves to cover an immediate principal acceleration."

This bond rating is a clear indicator of the sound financial condition of the Township. This achievement is a key factor in keeping interest costs on the Township's outstanding debt low. State statutes limit the amount of nonelectoral debt the Township may incur. The Township may not incur any new nonelectoral debt if, following the issuance thereof, the aggregate net principal amount of outstanding debt of the Township will exceed 250 percent of its borrowing base. The borrowing base of the Township is defined by the Debt Act as the arithmetic average of the total revenues of the Township for the three full fiscal years of the Township immediately preceding the date on which any new nonelectoral debt is incurred. The current debt limitation for Buckingham Township is approximately \$51,601,052. Debt applicable to the limit is \$3,873,978 which leaves a margin of \$47,727,074 which is significantly in excess of Buckingham Township's total outstanding general obligation debt of \$7,863,310 and the debt applicable to the limit.

Additional information regarding Buckingham Township's long-term debt can be found in note 7 of the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates**

- Buckingham is located in Bucks County, Pennsylvania. The Township had an unemployment rate of 2.9 percent in 2022, which was lower than both the national and state average.
- In 2022, the median household income for Buckingham Township was \$166,369 compared to a median income of \$99,302 for Bucks County and \$67,587 for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Township continues to enjoy a median household income well in excess of the average for the County and the State.
- During 2022, 2 new housing units were occupied in Buckingham Township compared to 12 in 2021.
- The county-wide median home value was \$449,000. The median home value in Buckingham continues to be much higher at \$740,000.

#### **Budget Highlights for the Year Ending December 31, 2023**

**Governmental Activities:** Real Estate tax millage was reduced by 1.5 mils in 2017. Total millage was reduced to 4.0 mils, of which 3.0 mils is attributable to the Open Space program, .75 mils for fire protection and .25 mills for emergency services. The millage is the lowest of any Township in the county. In 2023 General Fund revenues are expected to increase by 4.84 percent primarily due to increases in earned income tax revenues.

Budgeted expenditures in the General fund are expected to decrease by 2.12% in 2023. There is an increase before transfers of 6.5% mainly due to increased costs as a result of inflation. There was a decrease in transfers of \$829,650. Expenditures are budgeted to be in excess of revenues, resulting in a reduction of Fund Balance of \$1,965,900. This was an intentional reduction of the Fund Balance which will still be an ample amount of more than \$3,994,422 or 34.9% of budgeted expenditures before transfers at the end of 2023.

**Business-type Activities:** During 2023, the Township expects a minimal increase in the number of water and waste water customers. There had been no changes to the water rates of the Township since 1989 however in 2021 and 2022 we increased water rates by 6% each year. These increases of CPI plus 2% or less will continue until the Board of Supervisors determines it is no longer necessary. In the beginning of 2018, we increased waste water rates by \$22.95 per quarter, for the first time since 2014. For years 2019 and later, the waste water rates increased by the CPI plus up to 2%. Beginning in 2021 and 2022 water rates also increased by 6% each year. Increases will continue until the Board of Supervisors determines it is no longer necessary.

#### **Request for Information**

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Township's finances for those with an interest in this area. If you have any questions concerning any of the information found in this report or need additional information please contact the Finance Director, Buckingham Township, P.O. Box 413, Buckingham, PA 18912.

#### **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP**

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### <u>December 31, 2022</u>

		]	Prima			
	Governmental Activities			siness -Type		
				Activities		Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,937,176	\$	6,553,440	\$	11,490,616
Investments		12,975,286		2,501,142		15,476,428
Receivables						
Accounts, net		107,574		65,184		172,758
Taxes receivable		2,730,583		_		2,730,583
Accrued unbilled charges for services		-		1,112,626		1,112,626
Leases				1,203,162		1,203,162
Other		4,498		-		4,498
Internal balances		(288,739)		288,739		-
Prepaid items		157,640		65,737		223,377
Net pension asset		4,653,495		685,410		5,338,905
Capital assets						
Land		36,283,438		8,371,411		44,654,849
Construction in progress		-		1,165,462		1,165,462
Other capital assets (net of						
accumulated depreciation)		39,837,554		43,467,908		83,305,462
Total capital assets		76,120,992		53,004,781	_	129,125,773
Total Assets		101,398,505		65,480,221		166,878,726
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred loss on refunding		6,821		_		6,821
Deferred outflows of resources for police pension		1,156,511		-		1,156,511
Deferred outflows of resources for non-uniform pension		259,022		111,000	_	370,022
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,422,354		111,000		1,533,354

(Continued)

	Primary Government							
	Governmental			siness -Type				
		Activities		Activities		Total		
Accounts payable	\$	195,080	\$	238,580	\$	433,660		
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	Ψ	214,260	Ψ	32,192	Ψ	246,452		
Accrued interest payable		12,558		32,172		12,558		
Unearned revenue		1,794,068		_		1,794,068		
Deposits payable		31,366		119,859		151,225		
Non-current liabilities:		31,300		117,037		131,223		
Due within one year		595,642		190,151		785,793		
Due after one year		3,389,393		3,695,146		7,084,539		
Total Liabilities		6,232,367		4,275,928		10,508,295		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred inflows of resources for police pension		2,566,163		-		2,566,163		
Deferred inflows of resources for non-uniform pension		1,215,297		520,842		1,736,139		
Deferred inflows of reasourced-leases		-		1,047,239		1,047,239		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,781,460		1,568,081		5,349,541		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		72,201,385		50,333,965		122,535,350		
Restricted for								
Public safety		391		-		391		
Highways and streets		2,235,288		-		2,235,288		
Debt Service		45,205		-		45,205		
Capital outlay		143,882		-		143,882		
Pensions		4,653,495		685,410		5,338,905		
Unrestricted		13,527,386		8,727,837		22,255,223		
Total Net Position	\$	92,807,032	\$	59,747,212	\$	152,554,244		

#### **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP**

#### **STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES**

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Program Revenues							
				(	Operating		Capital		
		Charges for Grants and				C	rants and		
	 Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions			
Primary Government									
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$ 363,382	\$	620,961	\$	295,053	\$	-		
Public safety	4,795,750		405,735		295,138		-		
Public works	2,532,349		1,518		690,225		-		
Parks and recreation	832,357		40,400		5,721		-		
Conservation and preservation	975,920		-		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt	 79,552		-						
Total Governmental Activities	 9,579,310	_	1,068,614		1,286,137				
Business -Type Activities									
Water fund	1,627,276		1,530,396		24,326		320,936		
Waste water fund	2,651,581		3,311,975		24,326		-		
Total Business-Type Activities	4,278,857		4,842,371		48,652		320,936		
Total Primary Government	\$ 13,858,167	\$	5,910,985	\$	1,334,789	\$	320,936		

#### General Revenues

Taxes:

Real estate taxes

Real estate transfer taxes

Earned income taxes

Local services taxes

Investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Gain on sale of capital assets

Transfers

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning, restated

Net Position - Ending

(Continued)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

	overnment	Primary G
	Business-Type	Governmental
Total	 Activities	Activities
552,632	\$ \$ -	\$ 552,632
(4,094,877)	-	(4,094,877)
(1,840,606	=	(1,840,606)
(786,236)	-	(786,236)
(975,920)	-	(975,920)
(79,552	 	(79,552)
(7,224,559)	 	(7,224,559)
248,382	248,382	-
684,720	684,720	-
933,102	933,102	
(6,291,457	933,102	(7,224,559)
1,559,293	-	1,559,293
1,348,197	=	1,348,197
8,190,137	-	8,190,137
78,892	-	78,892
257,824	130,890	126,934
195,797	70,683	125,114
7,611	-	7,611
-	(250,000)	250,000
11,637,751	(48,427)	11,686,178
5,346,294	884,675	4,461,619
147,207,950	 58,862,537	88,345,413
152,554,244	\$ \$ 59,747,212	\$ 92,807,032

## BALANCE SHEET

## **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

## <u>December 31, 2022</u>

		General		Debt Service		Capital Reserve	Go	Other overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>	Φ.	0.150.044	Φ.	20.055	Φ.	1 050 000	Φ.	<=== 0.50	Φ.	4.005.454
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,170,066	\$	38,966	\$	1,070,892	\$	657,252	\$	4,937,176
Investments Receivables		4,500,000		-		6,625,286		1,850,000		12,975,286
Accounts, net		107,574								107,574
Taxes receivable		1,530,583		-		-		-		1,530,583
Other		1,550,565		_		_		4,498		4,498
Due from other funds		_		6,239		_ _		2,130		8,369
Prepaid items		157,640		-		_		2,130		157,640
Total Assets	\$	9,465,863	\$	45,205	\$	7,696,178	\$	2,513,880	\$	19,721,126
<u>LIABILITIES</u>										
Accounts payable	\$	158,492	\$	-	\$	-	\$	36,588	\$	195,080
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes		214,260		-		_		_		214,260
Due to other funds		296,805		_		_		303		297,108
Unearned revenue		1,659,907		_		129,161		5,000		1,794,068
Deposits		31,366		_		_		-		31,366
Total Liabilities		2,360,830				129,161		41,891		2,531,882
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable-prepaid items		157,640		_		-		_		157,640
Restricted for:										
Public safety		-		-		-		391		391
Highways and streets		-		-		-		2,235,288		2,235,288
Debt service		-		45,205		-		-		45,205
Capital outlay		-		-		-		143,882		143,882
Committed Land conservation								21,835		21 925
Park and recreation		-		-		-		70,593		21,835 70,593
Capital outlay		-		_		7,567,017		70,575		7,567,017
Assigned						7,507,017				7,507,017
Public works		_		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		_		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		6,947,393		_		_		_		6,947,393
Total Fund Balances	_	7,105,033		45,205		7,567,017		2,471,989		17,189,244
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances										
and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	9,465,863	\$	45,205	\$	7,696,178	\$	2,513,880	\$	19,721,126

## RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

## December 31, 2022

Total fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 17,189,244
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are reported in the funds.  Cost of capital assets  Accumulated depreciation	\$ 88,755,930 (12,634,938)	76,120,992
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenues in the governmental funds and thus are not included in fund balance.		1,200,000
Bond loss on refunding is recorded as an expense in the fund statements but recorded as an asset and amortized over the life of the note in the statement of net position.		6,821
Net pension assets are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		4,653,495
Deferred inflows and outflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Deferred Outflows:		
Deferred outflows of resources for police pension Deferred outflows of resources for non-uniform pension Deferred Inflows:	1,156,511 259,022	
Deferred inflows of resources for police pension Deferred inflows of resources for non-uniform pension	(2,566,163) (1,215,297)	(2,365,927)
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences	(58,607)	
Accrued interest payable	(12,558)	
Unamortized bond premiums	(136,428)	
General obligation bonds payable	(3,790,000)	(3,997,593)
Total net position of governmental activities		\$ 92,807,032

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Revenues	General	Debt Service	Capital Reserve	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes:					
Real estate taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,168,598	\$ -	\$ 390,695	\$ 1,559,293
Real estate transfer taxes	1,348,197	_	-	-	1,348,197
Earned income taxes	8,090,137	-	-	-	8,090,137
Local services taxes	78,892	-	-	-	78,892
Licenses, permits and fees	468,097	-	-	-	468,097
Interest and rent	95,963	9,381	39,476	25,566	170,386
Intergovernmental revenues	361,913	-	-	908,503	1,270,416
Fines and forfeitures	66,351	-	-	-	66,351
Charges for services	490,714	-	-	-	490,714
Contributions from private sources	10,000	-	-	5,721	15,721
Miscellaneous	125,114	-	-	-	125,114
Total Revenues	11,135,378	1,177,979	39,476	1,330,485	13,683,318
Expenditures Current:					
General government	1,691,697	_	_	-	1,691,697
Public safety	4,697,452	_	_	631,684	5,329,136
Public works	1,191,966	_	_	664,989	1,856,955
Parks and recreation	475,240	_	_	338,609	813,849
Miscellaneous	10,939	178	_	-	11,117
Debt service:	-,				,
Principal	_	1,225,000	_	-	1,225,000
Interest	_	100,938	_	-	100,938
Fiscal agent fees	-	750	_	-	750
Capital outlay	-	_	_	1,430,890	1,430,890
Total Expenditures	8,067,294	1,326,866		3,066,172	12,460,332
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	3,068,084	(148,887)	39,476	(1,735,687)	1,222,986
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of capital assets	20,352	-	-	-	20,352
Transfers in	250,000	-	2,000,000	1,626,988	3,876,988
Transfers out	(3,626,988)	-	-	-	(3,626,988)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(3,356,636)		2,000,000	1,626,988	270,352
Net Change in Fund Balance	(288,552)	(148,887)	2,039,476	(108,699)	1,493,338
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,393,585	194,092	5,527,541	2,580,688	15,695,906
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,105,033	\$ 45,205	\$ 7,567,017	\$ 2,471,989	\$ 17,189,244

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 1,493,338
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities of activities are different because:  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period:  Capital outlay  Depreciation expense	\$ 1,823,606 (1,159,197)	664,409
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is recorded.		(12,741)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		100,000
The repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. This transaction, however, does not have any effect on net position.		1,225,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Interest expense  Compensated absences:  General government  Public safety  Public works  Parks and recreation	4,265 (2,968) 1,563 (1,885) 448	1,423
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Amortization of premiums, discounts, and losses	17,871	17,871
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Net pension asset and deferred items		972,319
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 4,461,619

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## <u>December 31, 2022</u>

ASSETS	Water Fund	Waste Water Fund	Total
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,384,975	\$ 4,168,465	\$ 6,553,440
Investments	1,000,000	1,501,142	2,501,142
Accounts receivable, net	27,718	37,466	65,184
Accrued unbilled charges for services	309,378	803,248	1,112,626
Lease receivable, current	16,644	-	16,644
Due from other funds	290,344	3,632	293,976
Prepaid expenses	31,537	34,200	65,737
Total Current Assets	4,060,596	6,548,153	10,608,749
Noncurrent Assets			
Capital assets			
Land	94,314	8,277,097	8,371,411
Construction in progress	301,863	863,599	1,165,462
Buildings and improvements	6,522,246	11,833,676	18,355,922
Connection systems	13,620,926	23,660,400	37,281,326
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	3,918,252	3,788,379	7,706,631
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,691,645)	(12,184,326)	(19,875,971)
Total capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	16,765,956	36,238,825	53,004,781
Lease receivable, long-term	1,186,518	-	1,186,518
Net pension asset	365,552	319,858	685,410
Total Noncurrent Assets	18,318,026	36,558,683	54,876,709
Total Assets	22,378,622	43,106,836	65,485,458
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows of resources for non-uniform pension	\$ 59,200	\$ 51,800	\$ 111,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	59,200	51,800	111,000
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable	43,806	194,774	238,580
Accrued payroll and payroll taxes	16,282	15,910	32,192
Due to other funds	5,237	-	5,237
Deposits	31,500	88,359	119,859
Compensated absences	4,875	6,444	11,319
Current portion of long-term debt	89,416	89,416	178,832
Total Current Liabilities	191,116	394,903	586,019
Long term debt, less current portion	1,847,573	1,847,573	3,695,146
Total Liabilities	2,038,689	2,242,476	4,281,165
DEFENDED INFO ONG OF DEGOVIDOES			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows of resources for non-uniform pension	277,782	243,060	520,842
Deferred inflows of reasources -leases	1,047,239	- 242.060	1,047,239
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,325,021	243,060	1,568,081
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	16,032,129	34,301,836	50,333,965
Unrestricted	3,041,983	6,371,264	9,413,247
Total Net Position	\$ 19,074,112	\$ 40,673,100	\$ 59,747,212

## $\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION}}{\text{PROPRIETARY FUNDS}}$

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Water Fund	Waste Water Fund	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,530,396	\$ 3,311,975	\$ 4,842,371
Miscellaneous	65,930	4,713	70,643
Total Operating Revenues	1,596,326	3,316,688	4,913,014
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and wages	458,620	441,385	900,005
Employee benefits	121,673	134,571	256,244
Utilities	136,210	545,178	681,388
Repair and maintenance	49,391	124,048	173,439
Disposal fees	-	50,026	50,026
Laboratory services	26,093	80,525	106,618
Supplies	100,420	102,406	202,826
Other operating costs	103,711	125,287	228,998
Insurance	27,032	36,144	63,176
Depreciation	557,771	962,215	1,519,986
Professional fees	5,600	8,959	14,559
Miscellaneous	2,338	2,420	4,758
Total Operating Expenses	1,588,859	2,613,164	4,202,023
Operating Income (Loss)	7,467	703,524	710,991
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)			
Intergovernmental grants	24,326	24,326	48,652
Capital contributions	320,936	-	320,936
Refunds and reimbursements	40	-	40
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-
Interest income	94,008	36,882	130,890
Interest expense	(38,417)	(38,417)	(76,834)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expense)	400,893	22,791	423,684
Income (Loss) before Transfers	408,360	726,315	1,134,675
Transfers Out	(125,000)	(125,000)	(250,000)
Changes in Net Position	283,360	601,315	884,675
Total Net Position - Beginning, restated	18,790,752	40,071,785	58,862,537
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 19,074,112	\$ 40,673,100	\$ 59,747,212

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Proprietary Fund Types		
	Water	Waste Water	
	Fund	Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,598,918	\$ 3,299,807	\$ 4,898,725
Cash paid to suppliers	(997,344)	(1,347,062)	(2,344,406)
Cash paid to employees	(458,993)	(439,795)	(898,788)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	142,581	1,512,950	1,655,531
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities			
Transfers to other funds	(125,000)	(125,000)	(250,000)
Refunds and reimbursements	40	-	40
Intergovernmental grants	24,326	24,326	48,652
Net cash provided by (used in) non-capital			
financing activities	(100,634)	(100,674)	(201,308)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(565,659)	(956,893)	(1,522,552)
Principal paid on long-term debt	(89,416)	(89,416)	(178,832)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(38,417)	(38,417)	(76,834)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related			
financing activities	(693,492)	(1,084,726)	(1,778,218)
Cash flows from investing activities	100 105	25,002	115.050
Earnings on investments	108,197	36,882	145,079
Redemption of certificates of deposit	1,000,000	1,500,000	2,500,000
Purchase of term deposit	(1,000,000)	(1,501,142)	(2,501,142)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	108,197	35,740	143,937
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(543,348)	363,290	(180,058)
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	2,607,387	3,805,175	6,412,562
Ending cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,064,039	\$ 4,168,465	6,232,504
Reconciliation of Net Operat to Net Cash Provided (Used) by			
Net operating income (loss)	\$ 7,467	\$ 703,524	\$ 710,991
Adjustments to reconcile net operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Depreciation and amortization	557,771	962,215	1,519,986
Changes in assets and liabilities	337,771	702,213	1,517,700
(Increase) decrease in receivables and unbilled charges	2,592	(16,881)	(14,289)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(98,318)	(1,280)	(99,598)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(13,202)	(15,136)	(28,338)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	10,313	9,023	19,336
Increase (decrease) in accounts payables	(153,430)	(34,996)	(188,426)
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	5,237	-	5,237
Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and payroll taxes	(15,565)	3,094	(12,471)
Increase (decrease) in net pension asset	(137,775)	(120,553)	(258,328)
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(22,509)	23,940	1,431
Net adjustments	135,114	809,426	944,540
Cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 142,581	\$ 1,512,950	\$ 1,655,531

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDICIUARY FUNDS

## December 31, 2022

	Custodial Funds		
<u>ASSETS</u>		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,021,298	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>		5,021,298	
NET POSITION			
Restricted for			
Developers and others		5,021,298	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	5,021,298	

## $\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION} - \\ \underline{\text{FIDICIUARY FUNDS}}$

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 Custodial Funds
Additions	
Escrow receipts	\$ 3,005,500
Investment Income	 15,821
Total Additions	 3,021,321
Deductions Escrow Disbursements	60,725
Total Deductions	60,725
Change in Net Position	2,960,596
Net Position	
Beginning of the Year	 2,060,702
End of the Year	\$ 5,021,298

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Buckingham Township (the "Township"), located in Bucks County, Pennsylvania, is classified as a "Township of the Second Class" under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The major services provided by the Township include public safety, public works, parks and recreation, conservation and preservation, and general administration.

The Township is governed by an elected three-member Board of Supervisors. The daily operations of the Township are administered by the Township Manager.

The financial statements of the Township have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity: The basic financial statements include all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions, and authorities for which the Township is financially accountable. The Township has also considered all other potential organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationships with the Township are such that exclusion would cause the Township's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and 1) the ability of the Township to impose its will on that organization, or 2) the potential for that organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Township. Based on these criteria, there are no other organizations or agencies which should be included in these basic financial statements.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Township. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements except for interfund services provided and used which are not eliminated. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: (continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Administrative overhead charges of the general government are included in the direct expenses. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the Township are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent. The Township has the following fund types:

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are paid; and the difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "fund balance". The measurement focus is upon determination of changes in current financial resources, rather than upon net income determination.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Fund Accounting</u>: (continued)

The following are the Township's major governmental funds:

- **General Fund** The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. All activities of the Township are accounted for through this fund, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general obligation debt. The Debt Service Fund includes the General Sinking Fund and the Open Space Sinking Fund. The resources of this fund include real estate taxes levied for the purpose of open space debt service and general fund transfers.
- Capital Reserve Fund The Capital Reserve Fund is a major capital projects fund with a legally adopted budget. The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for the continued updating and replacement of Township equipment, which is funded primarily by interfund transfers from the General Fund.

The other governmental funds of the Township are considered nonmajor.

*Proprietary Funds*: Proprietary funds are used to account for operations that are organized to be self-supporting through user charges. The fund type included in this category is:

• **Enterprise Funds** - Enterprise Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the Township has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

The Township reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Water Fund The Water Fund is used to account for the billing and collection of metered water sales and associated water costs.
- Waste Water Fund The Waste Water Fund is to account for the billing and collection of sewer rents and the expenditures related to the collection and treatment of waste water.

*Fiduciary Funds*: Custodial funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of individuals and/or developers. The Township has one custodial fund consisting of an escrow fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the Proprietary Fund and Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Earned income taxes are recognized when the underlying exchange transaction occurs or when resources are received, whichever is first. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are real estate taxes, earned income taxes, interest, intergovernmental, charges for services (water and waste water), and certain miscellaneous revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due or matured. Proceeds of general tong-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues, the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the Township; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures recorded and the availability criteria. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are usually revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed requirements. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

Licenses and permits, fines and forfeitures, charges for sales and services (other than water and wastewater), and certain miscellaneous revenues are generally recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable and available until actually received.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Township's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, the unrestricted resources.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: For purposes of reporting cash flows of proprietary funds, the Township considers all highly liquid instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

<u>Investments</u>: Investments consist of investments in the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust, an external investment pool, and are included with cash and cash equivalents in the statements of net position and balance sheets. Term investments with maturities greater than three months reported separately in the statements of net position and balance sheets.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are shown net of any allowance for the amount which the Township estimates to be uncollectible.

<u>Leases</u>: The Township is a lessor for various long-term noncancellable lease agreements. The Township recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide and the proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Township initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Variable payments received are based on direct monthly usage and are recognized as revenue when received.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Leases: (continued)

Key estimates and judgements include how the Township determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The Township uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease plus any options to extend. Lease receipts included in the measurement is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The Township monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases, and will remeasure the leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the leases receivable.

<u>Interfund Transactions</u>: Transactions, which constitute the transfer of resources from a fund receiving revenues to a fund through which the revenues are to be expended, are separately reported in the respective funds' operating statements.

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" or "advances to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Non-current portions of long-term interfund loan receivables are reported as advances within the governmental funds, and are offset equally by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources, and therefore, are not available for appropriation.

<u>Prepaid Items</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. In the governmental funds, prepaid items are offset by a fund balance reserve account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and therefore are not available for appropriation. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

<u>Unearned Revenues</u>: In the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, unearned revenues represent amounts received which revenue cannot be recognized because it was not earned.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets include land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles, furniture and infrastructure are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements. Purchases of capital assets are recognized as expenditures in governmental funds statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an initial useful life of one year or greater. Such assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Assets acquired through contributions from developers are recorded at their acquisition value at the time of acquisition. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Prior to January 1, 2004, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are valued prospectively.

Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized in the current fiscal year.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the depreciable assets. The estimated useful lives for each capital asset type are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	20 - 100 years
Water and waste water connection systems	50 years
Machinery/vehicles/furniture/equipment	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	50 - 100 years

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, any long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities Any unamortized charge, difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of old debt, on refunding of debt is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the proportionate-to-stated-interest method. The unamortized charge is reported as a deferred outflow of resources.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as another financing source and is not considered a fund liability, and repayments of debt are considered debt service expenditures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Bond Discounts and Premiums</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, any bond discounts and premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the proportionate-to-stated-interest method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the government fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Bond Issuance Costs</u>: In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund financial statements, any bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred. In the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the current period.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future periods and o will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in these categories:

- 1. Unamortized deferred loss on refunding is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- 2. *Change in assumptions* is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results from an actuarial change in pension assumptions. This amount is deferred and amortized over a seven to eight years.
- 3. *Pension contributions made after the measurement date* is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The pension measurement date is December 31, 2022. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the next period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: (continued)

- 4. Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A net difference results from the actual earnings in the plan either exceeding or falling short of projected earnings. This amount is deferred and amortized over a five-year period.
- 5. Differences between expected and actual experience on pension plan liability is reported in the government-wide statement. A difference results when actual economic or demographic factors differ from expected results. These amounts are deferred and amortized over six to eight years.
- 6. *Unavailable revenue intergovernmental* is reported in the governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the government-wide statement of net position. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- 7. *Leases* are reported in the proprietary funds and the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred balance results at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. A deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Full-time Township employees accumulate sick time in accordance with their applicable contracts. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination. The employees in the police union may carry over unused vacation up to 48 hours and it must be taken within 4 months. For all other employees' vacation leave up to 40 hours may be carried beyond the calendar year only with Township Manager approval. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in government wide financial statements and in proprietary fund financial statements and reported as a liability. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

<u>Real Estate Taxes</u>: Taxes are levied on March 1 and payable under the following terms: 2% discount March 1 through May 1; face amount May 2 through July 1; and a 10% penalty after July 1. Taxes unpaid are liened in January of the subsequent year.

The tax rate for 2022 was 4.0 mills on an assessed valuation of \$395,446,120. The mills were levied for the Fire Protection Fund, the Emergency Services Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Real Estate Transfer Taxes, Earned Income Taxes and Local Services Taxes: The Township recognizes assets resulting from real estate transfer taxes, earned income taxes and local services taxes (derived tax revenues) when the underlying exchange transaction occurs or when resources are received, whichever is first. In the governmental fund financial statements, under the modified accrual basis of accounting revenue is recorded when the underlying exchange occurs and when the resources are available. Revenue that is not available is deferred.

<u>Water and Waste Water Charges for Services</u>: Water and waste water charges for services are recorded when earned. Customers are billed quarterly. The fourth quarter billings for the current year are billed in January of the following year and are shown as accrued unbilled charges for services as of year-end.

<u>Net Position</u>: In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance of this category.

**Restricted net position** - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** - This category represents net position of the entity, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: Governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the Township is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance for governmental funds can consist of the following:

**Nonspendable Fund Balance** - includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable, and leases receivable net of deferred inflows of resources.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Restricted Fund Balance** - Includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes stipulated by external resources providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

**Committed Fund Balance** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a resolution of the Board of Supervisors, Township's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the Township taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (for example: resolution).

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the Township for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) the Board of Supervisors or (b) a body (a budget, finance committee, or Township Manager and Finance Director) to which the assigned amounts are to be used for specific purposes. Assigned amounts also include all residual amounts in governmental funds (except negative amounts) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted, or committed. The governing body, the Board of Supervisors, has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance.

**Unassigned Fund Balance** - This residual classification is used for all negative fund balances in Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service funds; or any residual amounts in the General Fund. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. In all cases, encumbrance amounts have been assigned for specific purposes for which resources already have been allocated.

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures or expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Subsequent Events</u>: The Township has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through the date of this report, which is the date the statements were available for release.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

## **New Accounting Pronouncement**

GASB Codification Section L20, Leases (GASB 87): GASB 87 substantially changes current accounting procedures regarding lease accounting. This Statement has been implemented for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022. The implementation resulted in a restatement of the following December 31, 2021 balances:

	Business-type		Water
	Activities		Fund
	Net Position	F	und Balance
As Reported	\$ 58,742,293	\$	18,670,508
Lease Implmentation	120,244		120,244
As Restated	\$ 58,862,537	\$	18,790,752

## 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all funds of the Township.

- 1. At least thirty days prior to the adoption of the annual budget, the Township Board of Supervisors begins preparation of a proposed budget for all funds or annual estimates of revenues and expenditures for the following year.
- 2. After preparation, the Board gives public notice that the proposed budget is available for public inspection in a designated place; the proposed budget remains available for at least twenty days after notice and before adoption. Should a revision of the proposed budget increase the aggregate more than ten percent or an individual item more than twenty-five percent, the budget is advertised again with the appropriate time for public inspection. Not later than December 31, the Board adopts the budget and the necessary appropriation measures required to put it into effect.
- 3. Any excess appropriations lapse at year end.
- 4. The Supervisors may make supplemental appropriations from any funds on hand or estimated to be received within the fiscal year and not otherwise appropriated.
- 5. Legal budgetary control is maintained by the Township Manager with the assistance of the Finance Director at the Fund level. Budget transfers at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

**Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: (continued)** 

- 6. At least thirty days prior to the adoption of the annual budget, the Township Board of Supervisors begins preparation of a proposed budget for all funds or annual estimates of revenues and expenditures for the following year.
- 7. After preparation, the Board gives public notice that the proposed budget is available for public inspection in a designated place; the proposed budget remains available for at least twenty days after notice and before adoption. Should a revision of the proposed budget increase the aggregate more than ten percent or an individual item more than twenty-five percent, the budget is advertised again with the appropriate time for public inspection. Not later than December 31, the Board adopts the budget and the necessary appropriation measures required to put it into effect.
- 8. Any excess appropriations lapse at year end.
- 9. The Supervisors may make supplemental appropriations from any funds on hand or estimated to be received within the fiscal year and not otherwise appropriated.
- 10. Legal budgetary control is maintained by the Township Manager with the assistance of the Finance Director at the Fund level. Budget transfers at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.
- 11. Annual budgets for governmental funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- 12. Budgets for proprietary funds are adopted on the accrual basis of accounting. These annual budgets are "flexible budgets" and not legally appropriated operating budgets.

#### 3. Deposits and Investments

<u>Legal and Contractual Restrictions</u>: The Township is permitted to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, short-term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies, and shares of an investment company as defined, provided that the only investments of the company are in authorized investments for Township funds. The Township may also place deposits that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") and deposits that are collateralized on an individual or on a pooled basis in accordance with Act No. 72 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, August 6, 1971.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the government had the following investments for governmental funds:

		Weighted
	Carrying	Average
	<u>Value</u>	<b>Maturity</b>
PLGIT TERM	\$ 15,476,428	186 days

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it or the government will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The Township does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the Township's bank balances were \$11,804,742. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$6,894,542 was invested in externally pooled investments, which are not subject to credit risk. Any balance exceeding depository insurance and investment in risk pools, are exposed to custodial credit risk because it is uninsured and collateralized with securities held by pledging institution's trust department, but nor in the government's name.

The Township participates in an external investment pool, the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust ("PLGIT"). PLGIT is a common law trust established pursuant to the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act and similar statues by Local Governments in Pennsylvania for the purpose of pooling their investments. It is a fundamental policy of PLGIT to maintain a net position value of \$1 per share, but there can be no assurance that the net position value will not vary from \$1 per share. At December 31, 2022, management of PLGIT has indicated that all investments made of the PLGIT were either obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, or certificates of deposit insured by FDIC. The Township had \$6,894,542 of deposits invested in PLGIT at December 31, 2022, which is included in cash and cash equivalents. All amounts invested have maturity dates of less than 3 months.

The Township's cash equivalent investments in PLGIT are not subject to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or entry form. The Township's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares and is reported at amortized cost which approximates fair value. PLGIT activities are invested directly in a portfolio of securities, which are held by a third-party custodian. All investments in an external investment pool that is not SEC registered are subject to oversite by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The Township can withdraw funds from the external investment pool without limitation or fees upon adequate notice.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 3. <u>Deposits and Investments</u> (Continued)

<u>Custodial Credit Risk - Investments</u>: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Township does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The Township's investments consisted of PLGIT term investments as listed above.

<u>Interest Rate Risk - Investments</u>: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Township does not have a formal investment policy for interest rate risk.

<u>Credit Risk - Investments</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Township does not have a formal investment policy for credit risk. The Township's investments in PLGIT were rated "A-1+" by Standard & Poor's.

Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. There were no investments that exceeded 5% of the total investments reported in the governmental or fiduciary funds that would be considered a concentration of credit risk.

<u>Fair Value Measurements</u>: The Township categorizes its fair value measurements within the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs that include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and inputs that are observable for the asset, either directly, or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Fair values of these instruments are estimated using pricing models, quoted pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics, or discounted cash flows; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Township only had one recurring fair value measurement as of December 31, 2022, PLGIT term deposits are classified as Level 2.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 4. Leases Receivable

Leases receivable are recognized for various long-term noncancellable lease agreements that meet the criteria for inclusion Governmental Accounting Standards. The lease receivable is measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received under the terms of the lease at a discount rate of 5%.

The Township has entered in to various leases for cell towers. Under the lease agreements, the Township receives minimum monthly payments. The lease agreements are noncancellable for a period of five years with monthly payment increasing between 2-2.5% yearly. The leases have four options for an extension of an additional 5 years each through 2043. There were no variable payments due or received.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the principal and interest received on long-term noncancellable leases were as follows:

Business-Type Activities						
Lease						
	Revenue		Interest			
\$	14,189	\$ 60,23				

Amounts receivable are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities						
		Lease					
		Revenue	Interest				
Year Ending							
December 31,							
2023		16,644	49,463				
2024		19,263	58,564				
2025		22,058	57,530				
2026		25,036	56,350				
2027		28,209	55,021				
2028-2032		196,264	249,024				
2033-2037		311,841	186,261				
2038-2042		467,371	89,870				
2043		116,476	2,682				
	\$	1,203,162	\$ 804,765				

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 5. <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u> (Continued)

Interfund receivable and payable balances of each individual fund as of December 31, 2022 are as follows (certain amounts are netted for presentation in the fund financial statements):

	ue From her Funds	Due To her Funds
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 296,805
Debt Service Fund	6,239	-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,130	303
Enterprise Funds		
Water Fund	290,344	5,237
Waste Water Fund	 3,632	 
	\$ 302,345	\$ 302,345

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and (3) payments between funds are made.

The following is a schedule of transfers as included in the basic financial statements of the Township:

	Transfer in		_T	ransfer out
General Fund	\$	250,000	\$	3,626,988
Capital Reserve		2,000,000		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		1,626,988		-
Enterprise Funds				
Water Fund		-		125,000
Waste Water Fund				125,000
Total	\$	3,876,988	\$	3,876,988

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

## 6. <u>Capital Assets</u>

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022:

<del></del> ·				
	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and land easements	\$ 35,280,198	\$ 1,003,240	\$ -	\$ 36,283,438
Construction in progress				
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	35,280,198	1,003,240		36,283,438
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	9,308,837	-	-	9,308,837
Buildings and improvements	5,075,421	360,655	-	5,436,076
Machinery and equipment	2,323,394	339,648	(40,079)	2,622,963
Vehicles and equipment	2,069,957	93,324	(123,431)	2,039,850
Furniture and equipment	590,106	8,139	-	598,245
Infrastructure	32,447,921	18,600		32,466,521
Total capital assets being depreciated	51,815,636	820,366	(163,510)	52,472,492
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	460,854	311,224	-	772,078
Buildings and improvements	4,159,220	117,804	-	4,277,024
Machinery and equipment	1,480,603	163,660	(40,079)	1,604,184
Vehicles and equipment	1,636,636	232,700	(110,690)	1,758,646
Furniture and equipment	570,665	9,337	-	580,002
Infrastructure	3,318,532	324,472	(150.750)	3,643,004
Total accumulated depreciation	11,626,510	1,159,197	(150,769)	12,634,938
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	40,189,126	(338,831)	(12,741)	39,837,554
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 75,469,324	\$ 664,409	\$ (12,741)	\$ 76,120,992
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,371,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,371,411
Construction in progress	6,388,266	1,504,430	(6,727,234)	1,165,462
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	14,759,677	1,504,430	(6,727,234)	9,536,873
Capital assets, being depreciated:	10.540.051	E 014 0.51		10.255.022
Buildings and improvements	12,540,961	5,814,961	-	18,355,922
Connection systems	36,718,483	562,843	-	37,281,326
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	7,339,079	367,552		7,706,631
Total capital assets being depreciated	56,598,523	6,745,356		63,343,879
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	6,646,469	393,972	-	7,040,441
Connection systems	7,480,785	729,998	-	8,210,783
Machinery, vehicles and equipment	4,228,731	396,016		4,624,747
Total accumulated depreciation	18,355,985	1,519,986		19,875,971
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	38,242,538	5,225,370		43,467,908
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 53,002,215	\$ 6,729,800	\$ (6,727,234)	\$ 53,004,781

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 6. <u>Capital Assets</u> (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 103,685
Public safety	112,944
Public works	590,226
Parks and recreation	 352,342
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1,159,197
Business activities:	
Water	\$ 557,771
Waste Water	 962,215
Total depreciation expense-business activities	\$ 1,519,986

#### 7. Long-Term Debt

The Township issues general obligation bonds and notes payable to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. General obligation bonds and notes payable have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds and notes payable are reported in the Proprietary Funds if they are expected to be repaid from Proprietary Fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund debt for both general governmental and proprietary activities.

General obligations currently outstanding in total are as follows:

	Interest	
<u>Purpose</u>	Rates	<u>Amount</u>
Government-type activities	1.0%-4.0%	\$ 3,790,000
Business-type activities	1.0%-4.0%	\$ 3,805,000

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 7. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

Refunding Bonds: In 2012, the Township issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2012, 2012A and 2012B in the amounts of \$2,775,000, \$4,705,000, and \$1,855,000, respectively. The bonds were issued to currently refund the Series 2003, 2006A, and 2006B General Obligation Bonds (Governmental and Business-type) in the total amount of \$9,215,000. The Bonds have varying maturities from November 1, 2012 to November 1, 2022 with interest being paid semi-annually, May 1 and November 1. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$78,531. This amount is recorded in the government-wide statement as deferred outflows or resources and will be amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The refunded debt has been considered defeased and removed from this statement. The present value savings at the time of refunding on the Bond Series 2012 and 2012 A & B was \$247,967 and \$603,984, respectively. In 2016, the 2012B Series Bonds were paid off. In 2019, the 2012 Series Bonds were paid off. In 2022, the 2012A General Obligation Bonds (governmental) were paid off.

Refunding Bonds: In 2021, the Township issued General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021 in the amounts of \$8,800,000. The bonds were issued to currently refund the Series 2014 General Obligation Bonds (Governmental type) in the total amount of \$4,870,000 and for the construction of the water and wastewater operations center (Business type). The Bonds have varying maturities from November 1, 2022 to November 1, 2040 with interest being paid semi-annually, May 1 and November 1. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$8,769. This amount is recorded in the government-wide statement as deferred outflows or resources and will be amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt. The refunded debt has been considered defeased and removed from this statement. The present value savings at the time of refunding on the Bond Series 2014 was \$286,167.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

## 7. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: The following is a summary of changes in the long-term liabilities:

	Year of Final	Original Issue	]	Beginning				Е	Ending	Dι	ie Within
Governmental activities:	Maturity	<u>Amount</u>		<b>Balance</b>	A	dditions	Reductions	<u>B</u>	alance	0	ne Year
General obligation bonds/notes											
Series of 2012A - 1.00%-2.15%	2022	4,705,000	\$	725,000	\$	-	\$ (725,000)	\$	-	\$	-
Series of 2021B - 1.00%-4.00%	2029	4,820,000		4,290,000			(500,000)	3	,790,000		510,000
Total general obligation bonds/notes				5,015,000		-	(1,225,000)	3	,790,000		510,000
Less deferred amount: issuance premium			_	163,463	_	-	(27,035)		136,428		27,035
Total obligation bonds/notes payable				5,178,463		-	(1,252,035)	3	,926,428		537,035
Compensated absences				55,765		4,853	(2,011)		58,607		58,607
Governmental activity long-term liabilities			\$	5,234,228	\$	4,853	\$ (1,254,046)	\$ 3	,985,035	\$	595,642
<b>Business-type activities:</b>											
General obligation bonds/notes											
Series of 2021A - 1.00%-4.00%	2040	3,980,000	\$	3,980,000	\$	-	\$ (175,000)	\$ 3	,805,000	\$	175,000
Less deferred amount: issuance premium			_	72,816	_	-	(3,838)		68,978	_	3,832
Total obligation bonds/note				4,052,816		-	(178,838)	3	,873,978		178,832
Compensated absences				10,818		1,504	(1,003)		11,319		11,319
Business-type activity long-term liabilities			\$	4,063,634	\$	1,504	\$ (179,841)	\$ 3	,885,297	\$	190,151

<u>Legal Debt Limit</u>: At December 31, 2022, the Township's legal debt limit under the Pennsylvania Local Government Unit Debt Act (the "Act") was approximately \$47,070,055 for non-electoral debt. After deducting the non-electoral debt outstanding of \$4,052,816, 2021 Bonds, Series A, the Township's remaining borrowing capacity was \$43,017,239 for non-electoral debt. Electoral debt (i.e. debt approved by the Township voters) is not subject to any statutory borrowing limit under the Act. The Series A of 2012 Bonds, the 2014 Bonds, and the 2021 Bonds, Series B are considered electoral debt. The 2021 Bonds, Series A are considered non-electoral debt.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 7. <u>Long-Term Debt</u> (Continued)

<u>Debt Service Requirements</u>: Annual debt service requirements for each of the next five years and each five-year period thereafter for all long-term debt except compensated absences are as follows:

Year Ending	 Governmental Activities Business-T				Business-Ty	ype Activities		
December 31	Principal	Interest		Interest Principal		Interest		
2023	\$ 510,000	\$	75,350	\$	175,000	\$	77,750	
2024	530,000		54,950		185,000		70,750	
2025	535,000		49,650		185,000		67,050	
2026	540,000		44,300		190,000		65,200	
2027	545,000		33,500		190,000		61,400	
2028-2031	1,130,000		34,000		1,020,000		248,000	
2032-2036	-		-		1,125,000		142,000	
2037-2040	 		_		735,000		29,600	
	\$ 3,790,000	\$	291,750	\$	3,805,000	\$	761,750	

Debt service for general obligation bonds is funded primarily from real estate taxes for governmental activities and charges for service in the business type activities. Any liabilities for compensated absences and net pension liability are generally liquidated by the general fund or proprietary-type fund that they relate to.

#### 8. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

<u>Plan Description</u>: The Township sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans, the Police Pension Plan and the Non-Uniform Pension Plan. These plans cover substantially all full-time employees. The following are details of these two plans. The most recent valuation was as of January 1, 2019. Details below are from the valuation.

Police Pension Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all regular, full-time sworn police officers. An employee enters the plan after a 90-day probationary period.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

## 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

<u>Plan Description</u>: (continued)

Non-Uniform Defined Benefit Pension Plan - The plan is a contributory, single employer defined benefit plan that covers all regular, full-time employees, excluding sworn police officers, who join the plan after a 90-day probationary period.

The Township's plans are administered by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System ("PMRS"), a statewide local government system. PMRS is an agent, multiple-employer system with the purpose to administer sound, cost-effective pensions for local government employees. PMRS consists of over 900 participating employer plans. Responsibility for the organization and administration of the system is vested in the eleven-member Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement Board - including the State Treasurer and Secretary of the Commonwealth by virtue of statute, and eight other members appointed by the Governor based on their respective organizations. PMRS issues a separate Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. A copy of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report can be obtained by contacting the PMRS Accounting Office, P.O. Box 1165, Harrisburg, PA 17108-1165.

The following table provides information concerning types of covered employees and benefit provisions for each of the Township's Plans for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Police	Non-Uniform
Inactive employees (or their beneficiaries)		
currently receiving benefits	14	11
Inactive employees entitled to benefits		
but not yet receiving them	1	4
Active employees	<u>18</u>	<u>30</u>
	33	<u>45</u>

#### Benefits Provided

Description of Police Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member is fully vested after 12 years of service. Cost-of-living allowances are provided at the discretion of the plan. Normal retirement is available upon attainment of age 54 with 12 years of service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2% times credit service times final average salary (FAS), but in no event is the basic benefit greater than 50% of FAS, plus an additional \$100 per month if retiring with 26 years of service, \$200 per month if retiring with 27 years of service, \$300 per month if retiring with 28 or more years of service.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (continued)

Description of Police Pension Plan (continued)

Early retirement is voluntary after 24 years of service. For service-related disability, a 50% disability benefit is provided to a member who is unable to perform gainful employment regardless of age or service. For non-service-related disability, a 30% disability benefit is provided to a member who has at least 10 years of service and who is unable to perform gainful employment. A post retirement adjustment may be awarded based on investment performance (excess interest awards). Benefit provisions are established and amended by Pennsylvania law. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

A Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") is available to the Township's police officers who have fulfilled the age and service requirements of the Police Pension Plan as described in the above paragraph. Under the DROP program a participant may elect to defer receipt of normal retirement benefits while continuing employment with the Township for a period of not less than one year not more than three years. Upon entering the DROP program, the member's retirement benefit is frozen and his monthly retirement benefit payments will be deposited into an account that will be credited with interest and paid to the participant in a lump sum at his actual retirement in addition to his monthly pension payments. As of December 31, 2022, the DROP account balances totaling \$210,635 is held by the plan pursuant to a DROP.

Description of Non-Uniform Pension Plan: The plan provides retirement, death, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. A member is fully vested after 7 years of service. Cost-of-living allowances are provided at the discretion of the plan. Normal retirement is available upon attainment of age 60. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.5% times credit service times by final average salary (FAS), but in no event is the basic benefit greater than 50% of FAS. All benefits are vested after seven years of credited service. Early retirement is voluntary after 20 years of service. For service-related disability, a 50% disability benefit is provided to a member who is unable to perform gainful employment regardless of age or service. For non-service-related disability, a 30% disability benefit is provided to a member who has at least 10 years of service and who is unable to perform gainful employment. A post retirement adjustment may be awarded based on investment performance (excess interest awards). Benefit provisions are established and amended by Pennsylvania law. Administrative costs of the plan are financed through investment earnings.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of Accounting: Pension Plan financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and member contributions are recognized as when due pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory or contractual requirements. Investment income is recognized as revenue when earned. Retirement benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with terms of the plan. Other expenses are recognized when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. The net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value of investments is recorded as an increase/(decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments. The entire expense of plan administration is charged against the earnings of the plan. Investment earnings are reduced for investment management fees, portfolio evaluation, custodial services, and actuarial services, as required by State statutes.

Method Used to Value Investments: Pension Plan investments are reported by the custodian at fair value. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value.

#### Contributions

Currently, employees covered under the Police Pension Plan are required to contribute 3.75% of their salaries. Employees covered under the Non-Uniform Pension Plan are required to contribute 3% of their salaries. Administrative costs, including investment manager fees, custodial trustee fees and actuarial fees, are charged to the plans and funded through investment earnings.

The Township is required by statute, principally Pennsylvania Act 205, to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the pensions. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Pennsylvania law and may be amended only as allowed by Pennsylvania law. The pension plans funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

#### 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

## **Contributions** (continued)

The Township's annual required contribution is equal to its Minimum Municipal Obligation ("MMO") as calculated in accordance with Pennsylvania law (Act 205 of 1984) less state aid and employee contributions deposited in the pension during the year. State law requires that state aid be used first to fund the plan, then employee contribution and finally general Township funds. The Township received state aid, which is recognized as revenue and expenses, in the amount of \$297,181 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### **Investments**

*Investment Policy*: The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Pennsylvania Municipal Retirement System (PMRS). The policy is to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

Rate of Return: For the Measurement Date of December 31, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on Plan investments, net of investment expense was 13.3 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The components of the net pension liability of participating entities for the Measurement Date of December 31, 2021, were as follows:

		Police	Non-Uniform				
Total pension liability	\$	14,419,470	\$	10,293,143			
Plan fiduciary net position		(17,473,674)		(12,577,844)			
Net pension liability (asset)	\$	(3,054,204)	\$	(2,284,701)			
Plan fiduciary net position as a							
percentage of the total pension liability		121%		122%			

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total pension liability in the January 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following economic assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Police	Non-Uniform	<u>.</u>
Inflation	2.8%	2.8%	
Salary Increases	age related with	h merit and infla	tion component
Investment Rate of Return	5.25%	5.25%	(including inflation)
Postretirement Cost of Living Increase	2.8%	2.8%	

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males or females. This table does not include projected mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 to December 31, 2018.

The net pension liability for Police was measured as of the Measurement Date of December 31, 2021 and the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the liabilities from an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019.

PMRS has not performed a formal cash flow projection but has applied an alternative method to confirm the sufficiency of the pension plan's projected Net Position. The result would be greater than or equal to the benefit payments projected for each future period. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equities		
US Equities	32.5%	4.99-5.68%
International & Global Equities	22.5%	4.78-5.71%
Fixed Income	29.0%	1.82-5.38%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.9%
Timber	5.0%	3.77%
Cash	1.0%	-1.30%

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

Discount Rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 5.25% for both the Non-Uniformed and Police Pension Plans. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The employer's funding policy requires the full funding of the entry age normal cost-plus plan expenses, as well as an amortization of the unfunded liability. The employer has always met the funding requirements of Pennsylvania Law Act 205 of 1984. Act 205 requires full funding of the entry age normal cost-plus plan expenses, as well as amortization of the unfunded liability.

For the Measurement Date of December 31, 2021:

	Increase (Decrease)							
	T	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary	Net Pension			
		Liability	1	Net Position		<u>Liability</u>		
Police Pension Plan								
Balance at December 31, 2020	\$	13,969,445	\$	15,905,804	\$	(1,936,359)		
Changes for the year:								
Service cost		310,678		-		310,678		
Interest		734,289		-		734,289		
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-		
Change of assumptions		-		-		-		
Contributions - employer		-		33,853		(33,853)		
Contributions - employee		-		78,637		(78,637)		
Net investment income		-		2,089,994		(2,089,994)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(594,942)		(594,942)		-		
Administrative expense		-		(39,672)		39,672		
Other changes	_					-		
Net Changes		450,025		1,567,870		(1,117,845)		
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	14,419,470	\$	17,473,674	\$	(3,054,204)		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### **DECEMBER 31, 2022**

# 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

		I	ncre	ease (Decrease	)		
	T	otal Pension	Pl	an Fiduciary	Net Pension		
		<u>Liability</u>		Net Position		<u>Liability</u>	
Non-Uniform Pension Plan							
Balance at December 31, 2020 Changes for the year:	\$	9,726,158	\$	11,149,762	\$	(1,423,604)	
Service cost		283,999		-		283,999	
Interest		519,407		-		519,407	
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		-		-	
Change of assumptions		-		-		-	
Contributions - employer		-		263,448		(263,448)	
Contributions - employee		-		67,794		(67,794)	
Net investment income		-		1,363,776		(1,363,776)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(236,421)		(236,421)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(30,515)		30,515	
Other changes							
Net Changes		566,985	_	1,428,082		(861,097)	
Balance at December 31, 2021	\$	10,293,143	\$	12,577,844	\$	(2,284,701)	

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the net pension liability of participating entities calculated using the discount rate of 5.25 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current		1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	(4.25%)	R	ate (5.25%)	(6.25%)
Net pension liability (asset)				
Police	\$ (1,122,483)	\$	(3,054,204)	\$ (4,650,897)
Non-Uniform	(1,073,685)		(2,284,701)	(3,322,594)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources: For the Measurement date of December 31, 2021, the Township recognized pension expense of (\$453,746) for the police pension plan and (\$354,327) for the nonuniform Pension plan.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2021**

# 8. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans</u> (Continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension related to this Measurement Date of December 31, 2021 from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources	G	Activities Police		Activities	A	oprietary - Activities on-Uniform		Total	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	ф.		M-Cimoriii	\$		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions	Þ	711,640 368,819	Э	80,573	\$	34,530	Э	115,103	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		-		_		-	
Contributions by employer after measurement date		76,052		178,449		76,470		254,919	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,156,511	\$	259,022	\$	111,000	\$	370,022	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	113,925	\$	113,034	\$	48,443	\$	161,477	
Changes in assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual		59,166		-		-		-	
earnings on pension plan investments		2,393,072		1,102,263		472,399		1,574,662	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,566,163	\$	1,215,297	\$	520,842	\$	1,736,139	
Net Pension Asset	\$	3,054,204	\$	1,599,291	\$	685,410	\$	2,284,701	
Pension Expense	\$	(348,218)	\$	(138,940)	\$	(59,546)	\$	(198,486)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Governmental- Governmental- Proprietary -					oprietary -		
Year Ended December 31:		Activities Police	Activities		Activities Non-Uniform			Total
December 31.		1 Office	_		110	11-0111101111		
2023	\$	(483,199)	\$	(361,843)	\$	(90,461)	\$	(452,304)
2024		(678,581)		(492,931)		(123,233)		(616,164)
2025		(292,306)		(301,960)		(75,490)		(377,450)
2026		(31,618)		(140,094)		(35,024)		(175,118)
2027		-		-		-		-
Thereafter				_		-	_	-
Total	\$	(1,485,704)	\$	(1,296,828)	\$	(324,208)	\$	(1,621,036)

Payable to the Pension Plan: As of December 31, 2022, there were no amounts payable for contributions to the pension plans.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

# 9. <u>Deferred Compensation Plans</u>

The Township offers certain employees the option to participate in deferred compensation plans created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plans permit the employees to voluntarily defer a percentage of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plans, all property rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to these amounts, property, or rights are held in trust for the exclusive benefits of participants and their beneficiaries. The compensation deferred is managed by outside trustees under various investment options. As a result, the financial statements of the deferred compensation plans are excluded from the accompanying financial statements.

## 10. Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to third-party liability claims, damages to and losses of Township-owned property, errors and omissions by public officials and injuries to employees. The Township carries various types of commercial insurance to manage these risks of loss.

There were no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

### 11. Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various claims and suits pending against the Township. In the opinion of Township Management, the potential loss on all claims and lawsuits will not be significant to the Township's financial statements.

The use of grant monies is subject to compliance audits by governmental agencies. Management of the Township believes the Township is in compliance with substantially all of the significant requirements of such grants.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### DECEMBER 31, 2022

### 12. Escrows

The Township acts in a custodial capacity with respect to monies deposited with it by developers and others. These monies are held by the Township and used to pay legal, engineering, and other fees incurred on behalf of a specific project. Any unused deposits are returned to the developer upon completion of the project. None of the monies received from or expended on behalf of the developers are recorded in the revenues or expenses of the Township. At December 31, 2022, \$5,021,298 represents the balance of these monies held in escrow.

### 13. Pending Pronouncements

GASB has issued statements that will become effective in future year including Nos. 94 (Public-Private Partnerships), 96 (Information Technology Arrangements), 99 (Omnibus 2022), 100 (Accounting Changes and Error Corrections), and 101 (Compensated Absences). Management has not yet determined the impact of these statements on the financial statements.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - POLICE PENSION PLAN

	Measurement Year Ending								
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	
Total pension liability									
Service cost	\$	310,678	\$	238,348	\$	264,108	\$	255,309	
Interest		734,289		638,044		630,258		620,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		1,067,460		-		(211,151)	
Changes of assumptions		-		424,682		-		-	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	_	(594,942)	_	(620,006)	_	(818,028)	_	(145,728)	
Net change in total pension liability		450,025		1,748,528		76,338		518,430	
Total pension liability - beginning	_	13,969,445		12,220,917		12,144,579	_	11,626,149	
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	14,419,470	\$	13,969,445	\$	12,220,917	\$	12,144,579	
Plan fiduciary net position									
Contributions - employer	\$	33,853	\$	117,127	\$	105,796	\$	204,933	
Contributions - employee		78,637		66,366		68,286		58,290	
Net investment income		2,089,994		1,961,512		2,596,416		(641,098)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(594,942)		(620,006)		(818,028)		(145,728)	
Administrative expense		(39,672)		(29,232)	_	(26,008)	_	(28,669)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,567,870		1,495,767		1,926,462		(552,272)	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	15,905,804	_	14,410,037	_	12,483,575	_	13,035,847	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	17,473,674	\$	15,905,804	\$	14,410,037	\$	12,483,575	
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	(3,054,204)	\$	(1,936,359)	\$	(2,189,120)	\$	(338,996)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total									
pension liability		121.2%		113.9%		117.9%		102.8%	
Covered payroll	\$	2,096,993	\$	1,896,180	\$	2,101,110	\$	1,943,016	
Not remain lightlife, or a newspaper of several several		145 60/		102 107		104.20/		17 40/	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-145.6%		-102.1%		-104.2%		-17.4%	
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		13.30%		13.80%		20.90%		-4.57%	

## **Notes to Schedule:**

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2019

Changes in assumptions: In 2021- retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, mortality table,

inflation/cost of living rate and salary increase rate updates

# (Continued)

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
\$	256,252	\$	252,957	\$	338,901	\$	333,918
	582,885		562,764		555,074		528,093
	-		(174,180)		-		(217,310)
	-		342,785		(473,321)		-
_	(117,108)	_	(117,063)		(270,676)		(50,524)
	722,029		867,263		149,978		594,177
	10,904,120		10,036,857		9,886,879		9,292,702
\$	11,626,149	\$	10,904,120	\$1	0,036,857	\$	9,886,879
\$	199,672	\$	226,331	\$	238,530	\$	161,580
Ψ	59,086	Ψ	52,273	Ψ	44,016	Ψ	44,159
	1,899,649		793,018		(20,790)		506,594
	(117,108)		(117,063)		(270,676)		(50,524)
	(27,818)		(29,927)		(24,062)		(20,528)
	2,013,481		924,632		(32,982)		641,281
	11,022,366		10,097,734	_1	0,130,716		9,489,435
\$	13,035,847	\$	11,022,366	\$1	0,097,734	\$	10,130,716
\$	(1,409,698)	\$	(118,246)	\$	(60,877)	\$	(243,837)
	112.1%		101.1%		100.6%		102.5%
\$	1,950,193	\$	2,044,615	\$	2,142,912	\$	2,099,042
	-72.3%		-5.8%		-2.8%		-11.6%
	17.84%		8.23%		-0.27%		5.20%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - POLICE PENSION PLAN

								(	Contribution as
Fiscal	A	ctuarially		Actual	(	Contribution			a Percentage
Year Ended	D	etermined		Employer		Deficiency	Covered		of Covered
December 31,	<u>C</u> c	ontribution	<u>C</u>	Contribution		(Excess)	<u>Payroll</u>		<u>Payroll</u>
2013	\$	161,304	\$	161,304	\$	-	\$ 2,014,436	(1)	8.01%
2014		156,115		161,580		(5,465)	2,099,042		7.70%
2015		238,530		238,530		-	2,142,912		11.13%
2016		226,331		226,331		-	2,044,615		11.07%
2017		199,632		199,672		(40)	1,950,193		10.24%
2018		204,913		204,933		(20)	1,943,016		10.55%
2019		105,716		105,796		(80)	2,101,110		5.04%
2020		117,067		117,127		(60)	1,896,180		6.18%
2021		33,813		33,853		(40)	2,096,993		1.61%
2022		50,867		76,052		(25,185)	2,100,093		3.62%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2019

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Amortization period Level dollar on amortization periods in Act 205

Asset valuation method Based upon the municipal reserves

Inflation 2.8%

Salary increases age related scale with merit and inflation component

COLA increases 2.8% for those eligible for a COLA

Investment rate of return 5.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Normal Retirement Age

Mortality Males - RP2000 non-annuitant male table projected 15 years with scale

AA, Females -RP2000 non-annuitant female table projected 15 years

with scale AA, setback five years.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2019

Changes in assumptions: In 2021- retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, mortality table,

inflation/cost of living rate and salary increase rate updates

# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - NON-UNIFORM PENSION PLAN

	Measurement Year Ending							
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>
Total pension liability								
Service cost	\$	283,999	\$	248,787	\$	243,529	\$	233,011
Interest		519,407		492,579		464,936		439,687
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(166,058)		-		(48,557)
Changes of assumptions		-		125,716		-		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(236,421)		(214,317)		(160,751)		(146,900)
Net change in total pension liability		566,985		486,707		547,714		477,241
Total pension liability - beginning		9,726,158		9,239,451		8,691,737		8,214,496
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	10,293,143	\$	9,726,158	\$	9,239,451	\$	8,691,737
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	263,448	\$	254,352	\$	249,100	\$	230,673
Contributions - employee		67,794		62,825		61,515		59,742
Net investment income		1,363,776		1,483,856		1,616,535		(417,074)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(236,421)		(214,317)		(160,751)		(146,900)
Administrative expense		(30,515)		(21,432)		(16,919)		(19,525)
Other		-		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		1,428,082		1,565,284		1,749,480		(293,084)
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		11,149,762		9,584,478		7,834,998		8,128,082
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	12,577,844	\$	11,149,762	\$	9,584,478	\$	7,834,998
Township's net pension liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$	(2,284,701)	\$	(1,423,604)	\$	(345,027)	\$	856,739
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total								
pension liability		122.2%		114.6%		103.7%		90.1%
1								
Covered payroll	\$	2,259,818	\$	2,094,155	\$	2,049,899	\$	1,991,415
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll		-101.1%		-68.0%		-16.8%		43.0%
Annual money-weighted return, net of investment expenses		13.30%		13.80%		20.90%		-4.57%

### **Notes to Schedule:**

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2019

Changes in assumptions: In 2021- retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, mortality table,

inflation/cost of living rate and salary increase rate updates

### (Continued)

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complete, available information is presented.

	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>			<u>2014</u>
\$	222,311	\$	204,244	\$	213,880	\$	211,879
	413,444		407,472		375,157		337,822
	-		(242,090)		-		256,821
	_		219,051		140,572		230,621
	(146,270)		(134,219)		(130,687)		(128,749)
	489,485		454,458		598,922		677,773
	7,725,011		7,270,553		6,671,631		5,993,858
\$	8,214,496	\$	7,725,011	\$	7,270,553	\$	6,671,631
\$	227,425	\$	186,433	\$	183,206	\$	131,826
	56,999		56,032		54,673		54,156
	1,214,444		537,752		7,269		320,836
	(146,270)		(134,219)		(130,687)		(128,749)
	(18,408)		(19,144)		(15,230)		(12,674)
_	-	_		_	-	_	-
	1,334,190		626,854		99,231		365,395
	6,793,892		6,167,038		6,067,807		5,702,412
\$	8,128,082	\$	6,793,892	\$	6,167,038	\$	6,067,807
\$	86,414	\$	931,119	\$	1,103,515	\$	603,824
	98.9%		87.9%		84.8%		90.9%
\$	1,899,964	\$	1,866,808	\$	1,823,360	\$	1,776,405
	4.5%		49.9%		60.5%		34.0%
	17.84%		8.23%		-0.27%		5.20%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - NON-UNIFORM PENSION PLAN

									Contribution as
Fiscal	A	ctuarially		Actual	(	Contribution			a Percentage
Year Ended	D	etermined		Employer		Deficiency	Covered		of Covered
December 31,	<u>C</u> c	ontribution	<u>C</u>	<u>Contribution</u>		(Excess)	<u>Payroll</u>		<u>Payroll</u>
2013	\$	129,053	\$	129,053	\$	-	\$ 1,704,803	(1)	7.57%
2014		131,806		131,826		(20)	1,776,405		7.42%
2015		183,186		183,206		(20)	1,823,360		10.05%
2016		186,433		186,433		-	1,866,808		9.99%
2017		227,405		227,425		(20)	1,899,964		11.97%
2018		230,653		230,673		(20)	1,991,415		11.58%
2019		249,040		249,100		(60)	2,049,899		12.15%
2020		254,332		254,352		(20)	2,094,155		12.15%
2021		247,022		263,448		(16,426)	2,259,818		11.66%
2022		254,899		254,919		(20)	2,203,499		11.57%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of January 1, two years to four years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date 1/1/2019

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal
Amortization method Level Dollar Closed

Remaining amortization period Level dollar on amortization periods in Act 205

Asset valuation method Based upon the municipal reserves

Inflation 2.8%

Salary increases age related scale with merit and inflation component

COLA increases 2.8% for those eligible for a COLA

Investment rate of return 5.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Normal Retirement Age

Mortality Males - RP2000 non-annuitant male table projected 15 years with scale

AA, Females -RP2000 non-annuitant female table projected 15 years

with scale AA, setback five years.

Change in benefit terms: None since 1/1/2019

Changes in assumptions: In 2021- retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, mortality table,

inflation/cost of living rate and salary increase rate updates

(1) - covered payroll taken from 1/1/2013 actuarial valuations

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budgeted	An	nounts	Variance with					
	Original		Final	_	ACTUAL	Fi	nal Budget		
Revenues									
Real estate transfer taxes	\$ 950,000	\$	1,275,000	\$	1,348,197	\$	73,197		
Earned income taxes	6,450,000		7,700,000		8,090,137		390,137		
Local services taxes	72,400		75,350		78,892		3,542		
Licenses, permits, and fees	451,200		451,200		468,097		16,897		
Interest and rent	3,900		73,900		95,963		22,063		
Intergovernmental revenues	282,800		353,800		361,913		8,113		
Fines and forfeitures	34,800		60,550		66,351		5,801		
Charges for services	523,200		521,300		490,714		(30,586)		
Contributions from private sources	-		-		10,000		10,000		
Miscellaneous	5,600		108,150	_	125,114		16,964		
Total Revenues	 8,773,900		10,619,250	_	11,135,378		516,128		
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	2,025,338		1,951,438		1,691,697		259,741		
Public safety	5,108,812		5,140,212		4,697,452		442,760		
Public works	1,421,600		1,388,050		1,191,966		196,084		
Park and recreation	392,400		426,050		475,240		(49,190)		
Miscellaneous	 1,000		1,000	_	10,939		(9,939)		
Total Expenditures	8,949,150		8,906,750	_	8,067,294		839,456		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	 (175,250)		1,712,500	_	3,068,084		1,355,584		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Sale of capital assets	10,000		37,400		20,352		(17,048)		
Transfers in	250,000		250,000		250,000		-		
Transfers out	(2,735,150)		(3,732,150)		(3,626,988)		105,162		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,475,150)		(3,444,750)	_	(3,356,636)		88,114		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,650,400)		(1,732,250)		(288,552)		1,443,698		
Fund Balance - Beginning	7,393,585		7,393,585		7,393,585		-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 4,743,185	\$	5,661,335	\$		\$	1,443,698		

# NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

The budgets presented in the required supplementary information are prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual budgets for the governmental funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the Fund level. Budget transfers at the fund level must be approved by the Board of Supervisors.

### **MAJOR FUNDS**

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is a major fund with a legally adopted budget. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Township. All activities of the Township are accounted for through this fund, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: The Debt Service Fund is a major debt service fund with a legally adopted budget. The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general obligation debt. The Debt Service Fund includes the General Sinking Fund and the Open Space Sinking Fund.

<u>Capital Reserve Fund</u>: The Capital Reserve Fund is a major capital projects fund with a legally adopted budget. The Capital Reserve Fund is used to account for the continued updating and replacement of Township equipment, which is funded primarily by interfund transfers from the General Fund.

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

### DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budgeted		Variance with			
	Original	Final	ACTUAL	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Real estate taxes	\$ 1,159,350	\$ 1,159,350	\$ 1,168,598	\$ 9,248		
Interest	100	9,500	9,381	(119)		
Total Revenues	1,159,450	1,168,850	1,177,979	9,129		
Expenditures						
Debt service						
Principal	1,225,000	1,225,000	1,225,000	-		
Interest	100,950	100,950	100,938	12		
Fiscal agent fees	1,750	1,750	750	1,000		
Miscellaneous			178	(178)		
Total Expenditures	1,327,700	1,327,700	1,326,866	834		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(168,250)	(158,850)	(148,887)	9,963		
Fund Balance - Beginning	194,092	194,092	194,092			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 25,842	\$ 35,242	\$ 45,205	\$ 9,963		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

CAPITAL RESERVE FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final ACTUAL Final Budget Revenues Interest 3,500 66,500 39,476 (27,024)3,500 **Total Revenues** 66,500 39,476 (27,024)Expenditures Current Capital outlay **Total Expenditures** Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 3,500 66,500 39,476 (27,024)Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 250,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 250,000 2,000,000 2,000,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 2,039,476 (27,024)253,500 2,066,500 Fund Balance - Beginning 5,527,541 5,527,541 5,527,541 Fund Balance - Ending 7,594,041 \$ (27,024)5,781,041 7,567,017

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

**Special Revenue Funds** - Account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes or designated to finance particular functions or activities of the Township.

The *Emergency Service Fund* is used to account for financial resources, which are used to fund local emergency service needs. The revenues are primary derived from tax millage.

The *Fire Protection Fund* is used to account for financial resources, which are used to fund local fire protection needs. The revenues are primary derived from tax millage and state grants.

The *State Highway Fund* is used to account for revenues from the distribution of a portion of the state gasoline tax, which is used to fund allowable highway-related expenditures.

The *Highway Improvement Fund* is used to account for maintenance of the Township's highways, which is funded primarily by interfund transfers from the General Fund and fees in lieu of improvements from developers.

The *Park and Recreation Fund* is used to account for financial resources, which are used to fund local park and recreation needs. The revenues are primarily derived from interfund transfers from the General fund and contributions from developers.

**Capital Projects -** Account for financial resources intended to be used for the acquisition, construction or reconstruction of Township assets and facilities.

The *General Obligation Bond Fund* accounts for bond proceeds to be used to purchase open space.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources, which are used for major capital improvements.

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# <u>December 31, 2022</u>

	Special Revenue												
		ergency ervice	Pr	Fire cotection	State Highway		Highway provement						
<u>ASSETS</u>													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,884	\$	20,577	\$ 333,395	\$	51,893						
Investments		-		-	1,250,000		600,000						
Prepaid expenses		-		4,498	-		-						
Due from other funds		510		1,620									
Total Assets	\$	9,394	<u>\$</u>	26,695	\$1,583,395	\$	651,893						
LIABILITIES													
Accounts payable	\$	9,003	\$	26,695	\$ -	\$	-						
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-						
Unearned revenue													
Total Liabilities		9,003		26,695									
FUND BALANCES													
Restricted for:													
Public Safety		391		-	-		-						
Highways and streets		-		-	1,583,395		651,893						
Capital outlay													
Committed for:													
Park and recreation		-		-	-		-						
Capital													
Total Fund Equity		391			1,583,395		651,893						
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	9,394	\$	26,695	\$1,583,395	\$	651,893						

(continued)

Special F	Reve	enue			Total Nonmaior							
ark and creation	_	Total		GO Bond	Capital Projects		Total		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds			
\$ 76,040	\$	490,789	\$	144,628	\$ 21,835	\$	166,463	\$	657,252			
-		1,850,000		-	-		-		1,850,000			
-		4,498		-	-		-		4,498			
 	_	2,130			 -		-		2,130			
\$ 76,040	<u>\$</u>	2,347,417	<u>\$</u>	144,628	\$ 21,835	<u>\$</u>	166,463	<u>\$</u>	2,513,880			
\$ 144	\$	35,842	\$	746	\$ -	\$	746	\$	36,588			
303		303		-	-		-		303			
5,000	_	5,000		_	 		-		5,000			
5,447		41,145		746	 		746		41,891			
_		391		_	_		-		391			
-		2,235,288		-	_		-		2,235,288			
				143,882			143,882		143,882			
70,593		70,593		_	_		_		70,593			
<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			21,835		21,835	_	21,835			
70,593		2,306,272		143,882	21,835		165,717	_	2,471,989			
\$ 76,040	\$	2,347,417	\$	144,628	\$ 21,835	\$	166,463	\$	2,513,880			

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Special Revenue											
		nergency Service	P	Fire rotection		State Highway		lighway provement				
Revenues												
Real estate taxes	\$	97,156	\$	293,539	\$	-	\$	-				
Interest		210		501		15,385		7,577				
Intergovernmental revenues		-		218,278		690,225		-				
Contributions from private sources					_							
Total Revenues		97,366		512,318	_	705,610		7,577				
Expenditures												
Current												
Public safety		97,366		534,318		-		-				
Public works		-		-		664,989		-				
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-				
Capital outlay				-								
Total Expenditures		97,366		534,318		664,989						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures				(22,000)		40,621		7,577				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		-		22,000		-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		22,000		-		-				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and												
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		40,621		7,577				
Fund Balance - Beginning		391				1,542,774		644,316				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	391	\$	-	\$	1,583,395	\$	651,893				

(Continued)

Special R	levenue		Capital Project	ts	
Park and Recreation	Total	GO Bond	Capital Projects	Total	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - 1,254 - 5,721 6,975	\$ 390,695 24,927 908,503 5,721 1,329,846	\$ - 309 - - 309	\$ - 330 - - 330	\$ - 639 - - - 639	\$ 390,695 25,566 908,503 5,721 1,330,485
338,609 - 338,609	631,684 664,989 338,609 - 1,635,282	975,902 975,902	454,988 454,988	1,430,890 1,430,890	631,684 664,989 338,609 1,430,890 3,066,172
(331,634)	(305,436)	(975,593)	(454,658)	(1,430,251)	(1,735,687)
50,000	72,000 72,000	1,100,000	454,988 454,988	1,554,988 1,554,988	1,626,988 1,626,988
(281,634) 352,227 \$ 70,593	(233,436) 2,539,708 \$2,306,272	124,407 19,475 \$ 143,882	330 21,505 \$ 21,835	124,737 40,980 \$ 165,717	(108,699) 2,580,688 \$ 2,471,989

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### **EMERGENCY SERVICE FUND**

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

EMERGENCY SERVICE FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final ACTUAL Final Budget Revenues Real estate taxes \$ 96,550 \$ 96,550 \$ 97,156 \$ 606 Interest 210 210 97,366 **Total Revenues** 96,550 96,550 816 Expenditures Current Public safety 96,550 96,550 97,366 (816)**Total Expenditures** 96,550 96,550 97,366 (816)Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning 391 391 391 Fund Balance - Ending 391 391 \$ 391

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### FIRE PROTECTION FUND

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

FIRE PROTECTION FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final ACTUAL Final Budget Revenues Real estate taxes \$ 294,300 \$ 294,300 \$ 293,539 \$ (761)501 Interest 501 Intergovernmental revenues 175,650 218,250 218,278 28 **Total Revenues** 469,950 512,550 512,318 (232)Expenditures Current Public safety 494,950 530,550 534,318 (3,768)**Total Expenditures** 494,950 530,550 534,318 (3,768)Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 25,000 22,000 22,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 25,000 22,000 22,000 Net Change in Fund Balance 4,000 (4,000)Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending 4,000 (4,000)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### STATE HIGHWAY FUND

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

STATE HIGHWAY FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final Final Budget ACTUAL Revenues Interest 350 16,350 \$ 15,385 \$ (965)670,950 Intergovernmental revenues 690,200 690,225 25 **Total Revenues** 671,300 706,550 705,610 (940)**Expenditures** Current Public works 600,000 694,800 664,989 29,811 **Total Expenditures** 600,000 694,800 664,989 29,811 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures 71,300 11,750 40,621 28,871 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance 71,300 11,750 40,621 28,871 Fund Balance - Beginning 1,542,774 1,542,774 1,542,774 28,871 Fund Balance - Ending 1,614,074 1,554,524 1,583,395

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	HIGHWAY IMPROVEMENT FUND													
		Budgeted	Amo	<u>ounts</u>			Vari	ance with						
	O	riginal		Final	_A	CTUAL	Fina	al Budget						
Revenues														
Interest	\$	250	\$	11,000	\$	7,577	\$	(3,423)						
Contributions														
Total Revenues		250		11,000		7,577		(3,423)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		_		=		=		-						
Net Change in Fund Balance														
Fund Balance - Beginning		250		11,000		7,577		(3,423)						
Fund Balance - Ending		644,316		644,316		644,316		-						
	\$	644,566	\$	655,316	\$	651,893	\$	(3,423)						

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### PARK AND RECREATION FUND

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

PARK AND RECREATION FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final ACTUAL Final Budget Revenues Interest \$ 50 \$ 1,050 \$ 1,254 \$ 204 Intergovernmental revenues Contributions 5,700 5,721 21 **Total Revenues** 50 6,750 6,975 225 Expenditures Current Park and recreation 239,750 352,000 338,609 13,391 **Total Expenditures** 239,750 352,000 338,609 13,391 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 50,000 50,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 50,000 Net Change in Fund Balance (239,700)(295,250)(281,634)13,616 Fund Balance - Beginning 352,227 352,227 352,227 Fund Balance - Ending 112,527 56,977 70,593 13,616

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

### GENERAL OBLIGATIONS BOND FUND

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND **Budgeted Amounts** Variance with Original Final ACTUAL Final Budget Revenues Interest 24,500 309 309 309 309 **Total Revenues** 24,500 Expenditures Capital outlay 1,881,500 999,500 975,902 23,598 **Total Expenditures** 1,881,500 999,500 975,902 23,598 Over Expenditures (1,857,000)(999,500)(975,593)23,907 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In 1,900,000 1,100,000 1,100,000 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 1,900,000 1,100,000 1,100,000 Net Change in Fund Balances 43,000 100,500 124,407 23,907 19,475 19,475 19,475 Fund Balance - Beginning 62,475 23,907 119,975 143,882 Fund Balance - Ending

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

# For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

			CAPITAL PR	OJEC	TS FUND				
	Budgeted		Variance wi						
	 Original		Final	_A	CTUAL	Final Budge			
Revenues									
Interest	\$ -	\$		\$	330	\$	330		
Total Revenues	 		<del>-</del>		330		330		
Expenditures									
Current									
Capital outlay	560,150		560,150		454,988		105,162		
Total Expenditures	 560,150		560,150		454,988		105,162		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	 (560,150)	_	(560,150)		(454,658)		105,492		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Sale of capital assets	_		-		_		_		
Transfers in	620,150		560,150		454,988		(105,162)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	620,150		560,150		454,988		(105,162)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	60,000		_		330		330		
Fund Balance - Beginning	21,505		21,505		21,505		-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 81,505	\$	21,505	\$	21,835	\$	330		

# STATISTICAL SECTION

# **Statistical Section**

This part of Buckingham Township's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Township's overall financial health.

Content	Pages
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Township's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	86-90
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Township's most significant local revenue source, the property tax and earned income tax.	91-96
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Township's current levels of outstanding debt and the Township's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	97-100
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Township's financial activities take place.	101-102
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Township's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	103-105

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual audited financial for the relevant year.

# **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA**

#### Net Position by Component Last Ten Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

Governmental Activites		2022(1)		<u>2021</u>		2020(2)		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2015(3)		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	72,201,385 7,078,261 13,527,386	\$	70,306,846 2,381,573 15,656,994	\$	67,514,584 2,592,395 14,621,520	\$	66,050,754 2,406,925 12,603,618	\$	55,990,937 2,373,601 16,157,867	\$	52,550,675 2,256,471 16,392,838	\$	51,417,083 2,030,693 14,082,585	\$	45,138,624 2,336,924 10,543,794	\$	41,508,862 3,500,104 9,310,298	\$	39,364,773 2,926,227 8,971,975
Total governmental activities net position	\$	92,807,032	\$	88,345,413	\$	84,728,499	\$	81,061,297	\$	74,522,405	\$	71,199,984	\$	67,530,361	\$	58,019,342	\$	54,319,264	\$	51,262,975
Business-type activities	•	50 000 005	•	40.040.000	•	40,000,474	•	40,000,400	•	45.077.040	•	04 044 407	•	24 240 705	•	00 000 400	•	00 700 470	•	00 005 700
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	50,333,965 685,410 8,727,837	Ф	48,949,398 9,792,895	Ф	49,020,171 9,114,102	Þ	46,222,128 10,065,116	Þ	45,877,648 9,560,641	\$	34,341,407 10,270,069	Þ	34,610,705 9,541,054	Þ	29,928,480 9,271,915	Þ	29,782,478 8,801,275	Э	29,025,736 9,219,196
Total business-type activities net position	\$	59,747,212	\$	58,742,293	\$	58,134,273	\$	56,287,244	\$	55,438,289	\$	44,611,476	\$	44,151,759	\$	39,200,395	\$	38,583,753	\$	38,244,932
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	122,535,350 7,763,671 22,255,223	\$	119,256,244 2,381,573 25,449,889	\$	116,534,755 2,592,395 23,735,622	\$	112,272,882 2,406,925 22,668,734	\$	101,868,585 2,373,601 25,718,508	\$	86,892,082 2,256,471 26,662,907	\$	86,027,788 2,030,693 23,623,639	\$	75,067,104 2,336,924 19,815,709	\$	71,291,340 3,500,104 18,111,573	\$	68,390,509 2,926,227 18,191,171
Total primary government net position	\$	152,554,244	\$	147,087,706	\$	142,862,772	\$	137,348,541	\$	129,960,694	\$	115,811,460	\$	111,682,120	\$	97,219,737	\$	92,903,017	\$	89,507,907

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2022, Buckingham Township adopted GASB#87.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2020, Buckingham Township adopted GASB#84.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2015, Buckingham Township adopted GASB#68 therefore the beginning balance was restated.

### BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA Changes in Net Position

#### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

<u>2019</u>

<u>2018</u>

2017(1)

<u>2016</u>

<u>2015</u>

<u>2014</u>

<u>2013</u>

2022

<u>2021</u>

<u>2020</u>

_																				
Expenses																				
Governmental activities:																				
General government	\$	363,382	\$	1,527,626	\$	1,576,912	\$	1,734,926	\$	1,524,072	\$	1,628,835	\$	1,608,220	\$	1,418,171	\$	1,542,461	\$	1,326,297
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
Public safety		4,795,750		4,890,603		4,610,441		5,404,200		5,051,346		5,266,476		5,102,403		5,000,403		4,843,577		4,591,313
Public works		2,532,349		2,388,207		1,972,655		2,087,672		2,015,242		1,925,788		1,791,306		1,786,638		1,655,467		1,575,566
Parks and recreation		832.357		667.433		449,416		304.917		283,196		254,768		298,280		267,866		201,520		240.398
Conservation and preservation		975,920		48,918		893,048		14,417		36,531		24,677		20,707		24,453		30,655		77,533
Interest on long-term debt		79,552		58,801		168,339		190,431		228,032		265,332		299,713		321,243		504,779		503,872
		9,579,310		9,581,588	_	9,670,811		9,736,563		9,138,419		9,365,876		9,120,629		8,818,774		8,778,459		8,314,979
Total governmental activities expenses		9,579,310		9,581,588		9,670,811		9,730,303		9,138,419		9,365,876		9,120,629		8,818,774		8,778,459		8,314,979
Business-type activities																				
		4 007 070		1.534.758		4 400 070		4 004 770		4 070 045		4 000 004		1.345.145		4 005 700		1.179.608		1.080.103
Water		1,627,276				1,433,676		1,394,776		1,273,615		1,258,691				1,235,782				
Waste water		2,651,581		2,452,855		2,228,392		2,479,861		2,038,039		1,888,974		1,902,955		1,766,056		1,716,698		1,556,595
Total business-type activities expenses	_	4,278,857		3,987,613		3,662,068		3,874,637		3,311,654		3,147,665		3,248,100	_	3,001,838		2,896,306		2,636,698
Total primary government expenses	\$	13,858,167	\$	13,569,201	\$	13,332,879	\$	13,611,200	\$	12,450,073	\$	12,513,541	\$	12,368,729	\$	11,820,612	\$	11,674,765	\$	10,951,677
		-												-						
Program Revenues																				
Governmental activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	\$	620,961	\$	628,322	\$	630,066	\$	640,287	\$	685,504	\$	672,903	\$	667,670	\$	651,675	\$	654,901	\$	653,347
Public safety		405,735		412,457		588,160		525,703		540,040		544,722		476,261		542,318		486,569		659,708
Public works		1,518		1,866		1,116		557		717		718		276		778		906		1,237
Parks and recreation		40,400		35,598		10,679		26,251		24,208		22,697		17,675		23,000		16,195		17,315
Operating grants and contributions		1,286,137		1,134,434		1,223,134		1,242,649		1,442,318		1,785,160		1,203,630		1,043,769		1,024,140		1,057,812
Capital grants and contributions		-		39,120		876,355		3,674,515		20,050		130,200		6,278,900		511,231		548,000		-
Total governmental activities program revenues		2,354,751		2,251,797	_	3,329,510		6,109,962		2,712,837		3,156,400		8,644,412		2,772,771		2,730,711		2,389,419
rotal governmental activities program revenues		2,334,731		2,231,797		3,329,310		0,109,902		2,112,031		3, 130,400		0,044,412	_	2,112,111		2,730,711		2,309,419
Business-type activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
Water		1,530,396		1,417,953		1,380,174		1,325,442		1,289,566		1,275,964		1,324,510		1,359,420		1,262,671		1,250,843
Waste water		3,311,975		3,091,785		2,907,766		2,845,037		2,736,871		2,351,019		2,347,086		2,399,095		2,138,579		1,948,891
Operating grants and contributions		48,652		46,434		46,084		46,085		42,160		41,294		43,746		87,811				32,837
		320,936		195,816		1,274,292		491,547		10,078,390				4,543,197						1,906,763
Capital grants and contributions																				
Total business-type activities program revenues		5,211,959		4,751,988		5,608,316		4,708,111		14,146,987		3,668,277		8,258,539		3,846,326		3,401,250		5,139,334
Total primary government program revenues	\$	7,566,710	\$	7,003,785	\$	8,937,826	\$	10,818,073	\$	16,859,824	\$	6,824,677	\$	16,902,951	\$	6,619,097	\$	6,131,961	\$	7,528,753
Total primary government program revenue.	_	7,000,710	Ψ_	7,000,700	<u> </u>	0,007,020	Ψ_	10,010,010	Ψ	10,000,024	_	0,024,011	<u> </u>	10,302,301	<u> </u>	0,010,001		0,101,301	<u> </u>	1,020,100
Net (expense)revenue																				
	_		_		_	(	_		_	(= .== ===)	_	(	_				_		_	/··
Governmental activities	\$	(7,224,559)	\$	(7,329,791)	\$	(6,341,301)	\$	(3,626,601)	\$	(6,425,582)	\$	(6,209,476)	\$	(476,217)	\$	(6,046,003)	\$	(6,047,748)	\$	(5,925,560)
Business-type activities		933.102		764.375	0	1.946.248		833,474		10.835.333	0	520.612		5.010.439		844,488		504.944		2.502.636
	•	(6,291,457)	•	(6,565,416)		(4,395,053)	•		•		-	(5,688,864)	•	4,534,222	•	(5,201,515)	•	(5,542,804)	•	(3,422,924)
Total primary government net (expense)revenu	<u> </u>	(6,291,457)	\$	(0,000,410)	\$	(4,395,053)	\$	(2,793,127)	\$	4,409,751	\$	(5,688,864)	<u> </u>	4,534,222	<u> </u>	(5,201,515)	\$	(5,542,804)	\$	(3,422,924)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities: Taxes																				
Real estate taxes	\$	1,559,293	\$	1,532,113	\$	1,544,661	\$	1,537,851	\$	1,563,992	\$	1,540,598	\$	2,097,994	\$	2,093,741	\$	2,084,937	\$	2,075,076
	φ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		φ		φ		φ		φ		Ψ		Ψ	
Real estate transfer taxes		1,348,197		1,433,897		1,266,295		1,037,284		1,122,995		1,098,998		912,959		935,797		866,129		846,078
Earned income taxes		8,190,137		7,490,193		6,649,070		6,810,322		6,510,431		6,770,981		6,552,155		6,386,935		5,933,041		5,762,222
Local services taxes		78,892		75,333		72,225		81,399		76,183		78,007		82,426		81,726		76,996		79,221
Investment earnings		126,934		8,052		101,859		487,612		248,041		169,015		77,771		47,736		18,277		19,278
Miscellaneous		125,114		110,217		101,930		20		,		,		,		,		17,796		11,688
										-		-		-		-				
Gain(loss) on sale of Capital Assets		7,611		46,900		22,463		11,005		26,361		21,500		63,931		1,595		(99,203)		20,667
Transfers		250.000		250,000		250.000		200.000		200.000		200,000		200,000		200.000		206,064		200.000
Total general revenues and transfers		11,686,178		10,946,705		10,008,503		10,165,493		9,748,003		9,879,099		9,987,236		9,747,530		9,104,037		9,014,230
B : 1 0.70																				
Business-type activities:																				
Investment earnings		130,890		2.480		65,689		109.075		70,070		52,306		32.937		19,966		19,857		17.991
Miscellaneous		70,683		91,165		85,092				78,401		86,799		107,988		35,448		20,084		22,079
		70,083		91,105		85,092		106,406				80,799		107,988				∠∪,∪84		22,079
Gain(loss) on sale of Capital Assets		-		-		-		-		43,009		-		-		10,002		-		-
Transfers		(250,000)		(250,000)		(250,000)		(200.000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		(200,000)		(206.064)		(200.000)
Total business-type activities		(48,427)		(156,355)		(99,219)		15,481		(8,520)		(60,895)		(59,075)		(134,584)		(166,123)		(159,930)
Total primary government	\$	11,637,751	\$	10,790,350	\$	9,909,284	\$	10,180,974	\$	9,739,483	\$	9,818,204	\$	9,928,161	\$	9,612,946	\$	8,937,914	S	8,854,300
	Ť	. 1,001,101	<u> </u>	. 5,1 00,000	<u> </u>	3,000,204	<u> </u>	. 3, 100,074	Ť	5,7 00, 100	Ť	5,0.0,204	<u> </u>	5,020,101	Ť	3,012,040	Ť	3,001,017	Ť	5,00 .,000
												_								_
Changes in Net Position																				
	•	1 101 075	•	0.040.07	•	0.007.007	•	0.500.005	_	0.000.45	•	0.000.00-	_	0.544.075	•	0.704.55-	_	0.050.055	_	0.000.076
Governmental activities	\$	4,461,619	\$	3,616,914	\$	3,667,202	\$	6,538,892	\$	3,322,421	\$	3,669,623	\$	9,511,019	\$	3,701,527	\$	3,056,289	\$	3,088,670
	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Governmental activities Business-type activities Total primary government change in net position	\$ 	4,461,619 884,675 5,346,294	\$	3,616,914 608,020 4,224,934	\$	3,667,202 1,847,029 5,514,231	\$ 	6,538,892 848,955 7,387,847	\$	3,322,421 10,826,813 14,149,234	\$ 	3,669,623 459,717 4,129,340	\$ 	9,511,019 4,951,364 14,462,383	\$	3,701,527 709,904 4,411,431	\$ 	3,056,289 338,821 3,395,110	\$ 	3,088,670 2,342,706 5,431,376

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2017, Buckingham Township Real Estate tax millage was reduced from  $5.5\ \text{to}\ 4\ \text{mils}.$ 

# **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA**

### Program Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Years

### (accrual basis of accounting)

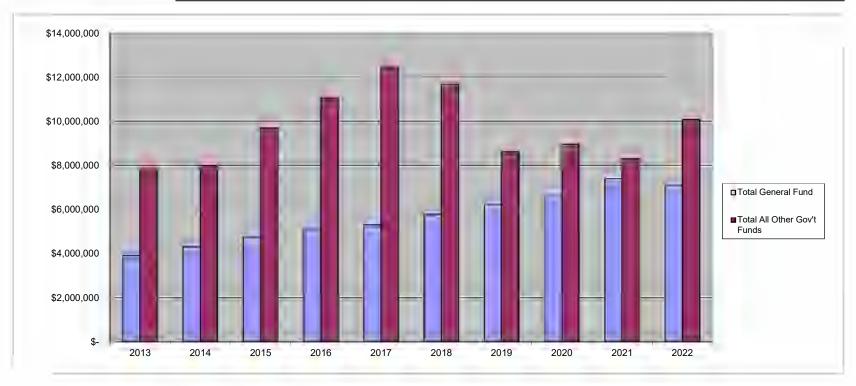
	<u>2022</u> <u>2021</u>		2020			<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Function/Program														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$ 916,014	\$	857,223	\$	750,117	\$	763,988	\$ 791,642	\$ 785,750	\$ 768,691	\$ 697,249	\$ 781,394	\$	781,687
Public safety	700,873		622,002		953,181		888,828	885,661	916,304	934,158	974,448	876,128		1,070,600
Public works	691,743		720,421		1,607,469		4,419,280	748,358	824,094	6,921,368	1,061,911	508,994		495,417
Parks and recreation	46,121		52,151		18,743		37,866	287,176	630,252	20,195	39,163	16,195		41,715
Conservation and preservation	 -		-						 	 	 	 548,000		
Subtotal governmental activities	2,354,751		2,251,797		3,329,510		6,109,962	2,712,837	3,156,400	8,644,412	2,772,771	2,730,711		2,389,419
Business-type activities:														
Water Fund	1,875,658		1,636,986		1,859,734		1,702,125	3,348,017	1,298,905	3,517,095	1,379,024	1,262,671		2,809,442
Waste Water Fund	3,336,301		3,115,002		3,748,582		3,005,986	10,798,970	2,369,372	4,741,444	2,467,302	2,138,579		2,329,892
Subtotal business-type activities	5,211,959		4,751,988		5,608,316		4,708,111	14,146,987	3,668,277	8,258,539	3,846,326	3,401,250		5,139,334
Total Primary Government	\$ 7,566,710	\$	7,003,785	\$	8,937,826	\$	10,818,073	\$ 16,859,824	\$ 6,824,677	\$ 16,902,951	\$ 6,619,097	\$ 6,131,961	\$	7,528,753

# **BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA**

# Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

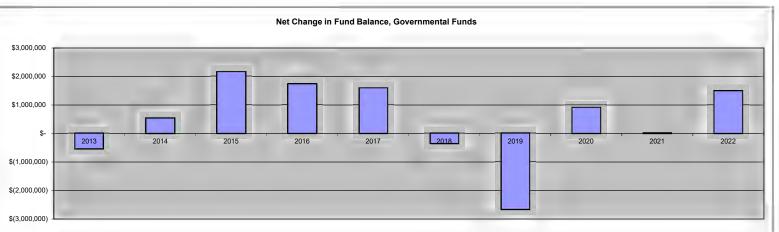
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 157,640	\$ 156,977	\$ 157,504	\$ 163,567	\$ 149,721	\$ 151,845	\$ 141,399	\$ 133,325	\$ 135,220	\$ 26,742
Unassigned	6,947,393	7,236,608	6,466,599	6,067,473	5,628,664	5,147,238	4,970,935	4,616,634	4,163,020	3,875,950
Total general fund	\$ 7,105,033	\$ 7,393,585	\$ 6,624,103	\$ 6,231,040	\$ 5,778,385	\$ 5,299,083	\$ 5,112,334	\$ 4,749,959	\$ 4,298,240	\$ 3,902,692
All other governmental funds Nonspendable Restricted	\$ - 2,424,766	\$ 2,401,048	\$ 2,570,773	\$ 2,406,925	\$ - 2,373,601	\$ - 2,256,471	\$ 2,030,693	\$ 2,336,924	\$ 3,500,104	\$ 2,926,227
Committed	7,659,445	5,901,273	6,553,269	6,116,486	9,261,683	10,215,429	9,037,200	7,361,009	4,500,158	4,941,498
Unassigned	 -	-	(79,514)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,319)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 10,084,211	\$ 8,302,321	\$ 9,044,528	\$ 8,523,411	\$ 11,635,284	\$ 12,471,900	\$ 11,067,893	\$ 9,697,933	\$ 8,000,262	\$ 7,857,406



#### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	2013
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 11,076,519	\$ 10,453,158	\$ 9,627,818	\$ 9,369,042	, . ,	\$ 9,488,584	\$ 9,595,534		\$ 9,111,103	, . ,
Licenses, permits and fees	468,097	465,209	477,465	490,751	514,524	521,468	515,807	500,404	480,522	451,359
Fines	66,351	33,477	33,012	29,764	47,585	44,062	42,043	47,062	60,856	66,505
Interest and rent	170,386	45,497	115,160	517,685	276,046	194,407	98,943	74,008	37,969	38,668
Intergovernmental	1,270,416	1,117,881	1,215,070	1,231,038	1,429,350	1,214,668	1,200,950	1,027,400	1,572,008	1,057,730
Charges for services	490,714	542,112	706,243	592,017	645,998	637,552	537,368	602,536	575,221	758,770
Contributions from private sources	15,721	55,673	8,064	11,615	33,018	607,605	24,680	16,369	7,548	11,770
Miscellaneous	125,114	110,217	101,930	50,209	14,357	12,566	45,492	41,497	32,660	35,583
Total revenues	13,683,318	12,823,224	12,284,762	12,292,121	12,365,102	12,720,912	12,060,817	11,807,475	11,877,887	11,182,982
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	1.691.697	1.657.693	1.633.664	1,606,505	1.464.600	1,492,269	1.419.147	1.364.404	1,343,867	1.240.031
Public safety	5,329,136	5,264,071	4,919,270	5,262,200	5,325,404	5,106,696	5,002,578	5,053,821	4,849,160	4,601,747
Public works	1,856,955	1,851,508	1,440,995	1,600,685	1,573,519	1,512,647	1,438,132	1,480,071	1,315,869	1,254,542
Parks and recreation	813,849	2,551,243	1,993,798	4.650.136	258.494	546,873	417,395	312,059	503,323	213,750
Miscellaneous	11,117	1,341	6,942	3,698	14,095	5,147	5,919	7,700	7,512	2,886
Capital Outlays	1,430,890	447,482	292,411	273,955	2,552,800	920,759	638,114	290.758	138.047	779,659
Debt service:	1,100,000	,.02	202,	2.0,000	2,002,000	020,.00	000,	200,100	.00,0	110,000
Principal	1,225,000	1,245,000	1,180,000	1,555,000	1,515,000	1,480,000	1,354,400	1,015,700	3,048,300	3,336,900
Interest	101,688	74,365	175,965	210,165	249,465	287,265	316,728	335,167	359,319	512,087
Bond issuance costs	101,000	70,279	.,,,,,,,	210,100	2-10,100	201,200	010,720	-	97,347	012,007
Total expenditures	12,460,332	13,162,982	11,643,045	15,162,344	12,953,377	11,351,656	10,592,413	9,859,680	11,662,744	11,941,602
Total experialitares	12,400,002	10,102,502	11,040,040	10,102,044	12,000,011	11,001,000	10,002,410	3,000,000	11,002,744	11,041,002
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,222,986	(339,758)	641,717	(2,870,223)	(588,275)	1,369,256	1,468,404	1,947,795	215,143	(758,620)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Issuance of refunding bonds	-	4,820,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,638,837	-
Premium on refunding bonds	-	175,405	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(4,925,272)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,532,356)	-
Sale of capital assets	20,352	46,900	22,463	11,005	30,961	21,500	63,931	1,595	10,716	20,667
Transfers in	3,876,988	2,385,496	2,640,256	2,004,096	1,902,541	2,846,935	2,385,259	1,935,812	1,864,387	3,882,235
Transfers out	(3,626,988)	(2,135,496)	(2,390,256)	(1,804,096)	(1,702,541)	(2,646,935)	(2,185,259)	(1,735,812)	(1,658,323)	(3,682,235)
Total other financing sources (uses)	270,352	367,033	272,463	211,005	230,961	221,500	263,931	201,595	323,261	220,667
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,493,338	\$ 27,275	\$ 914,180	\$ (2,659,218)	\$ (357,314)	\$ 1,590,756	\$ 1,732,335	\$ 2,149,390	\$ 538,404	\$ (537,953)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.47%	12.61%	14.14%	25.94%	17.14%	17.61%	48.33%	15.08%	30.54%	34.60%



#### Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

<u>Year</u>	Real <u>Estate</u>	Real Estate <u>Transfer</u>	Earned Income	Local <u>Services</u>		<u>Total</u>
2022	\$ 1,559,293	\$ 1,348,197	\$ 8,090,137	\$ 78,892	1	11,076,519
2021	1,553,735	1,433,897	7,390,193	75,333	1	10,453,158
2020	1,540,228	1,266,295	6,749,070	72,225		9,627,818
2019	1,540,037	1,037,284	6,710,322	81,399		9,369,042
2018	1,544,615	1,122,995	6,660,431	76,183		9,404,224
2017(1)	1,540,598	1,098,998	6,770,981	78,007		9,488,584
2016	2,097,994	912,959	6,502,155	82,426		9,595,534
2015	2,093,741	935,797	6,386,935	81,726		9,498,199
2014	2,084,937	866,129	6,083,041	76,996		9,111,103
2013	2,075,076	846,078	5,762,222	79,221		8,762,597

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2017 the millage for Open Space was decreased from 4.5 mils to 3.0 mils.

# BUCKINGHAM TOWNSHIP, PENNSYLVANIA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	<u>As</u>	Total Taxable sessed Value	Total Direct <u>Millage Rate</u>	Ta	stimated Actual xable Values of Real Property	Taxable Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2022	\$	395,446,120	4.00	\$	2,886,468,029	13.70%
2021		393,313,720	4.00		3,264,014,274	12.05%
2020		392,774,540	4.00		3,494,435,409	11.24%
2019		391,183,240	4.00		3,676,534,211	10.64%
2018		390,472,500	4.00		4,058,965,696	9.62%
2017(1)		387,908,460	4.00		4,230,190,403	9.17%
2016		386,987,650	5.50		4,295,090,455	9.01%
2015		386,093,520	5.50		4,362,638,644	8.85%
2014		383,515,420	5.50		4,141,635,205	9.26%
2013		383,189,200	5.50		4,215,502,750	9.09%

Source: Market values are estimated based on the common-level ratio provided by the Pennsylvania State Tax Equalization Board (STEB) for Bucks County.

NOTE: Bucks County Board of Assessment records do not provide revenue base information by major component.

## Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Years

			Direct Rates					Overlap	ping Rates			
<u>Year</u>	General Fund <u>Millage</u>	Buc Fire Millage	kingham Tow Emergency Service Millage(1)	vnship Open Space <u>Millage</u>	Total Township <u>Millage</u>	General <u>Millage</u>	Community College <u>Millage</u>	Bucks County Debt Service and Lease Millage	Parks & Recreation <u>Millage</u>	Total County <u>Millage</u>	Central Bucks Total School District Millage	Total Direct and Overlapping <u>Millage</u>
2022	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	18.09730	1.07530	5.66180	0.61560	25.45000	127.84	157.29000
2021	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	18.31840	1.07770	5.44920	0.60470	25.45000	125.96	155.41000
2020	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	18.42170	1.08300	5.34560	0.59970	25.45000	124.10	153.55000
2019	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	17.44300	1.08360	5.36040	0.56300	24.45000	124.10	152.55000
2018	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	17.84220	1.09850	4.91850	0.59080	24.45000	124.10	152.55000
2017	-	0.75	0.25	3.00	4.00	17.22120	1.05370	4.30910	0.61600	23.20000	124.10	151.30000
2016	-	0.75	0.25	4.50	5.50	17.22120	1.05370	4.30910	0.61600	23.20000	124.10	152.80000
2015	-	0.75	0.25	4.50	5.50	17.22120	1.05370	4.30910	0.61600	23.20000	124.10	152.80000
2014	-	0.75	0.25	4.50	5.50	17.22120	1.05370	4.30910	0.61600	23.20000	124.10	152.80000
2013	-	0.75	0.25	4.50	5.50	17.22120	1.05370	4.30910	0.61600	23.20000	122.80	151.50000

Source: Bucks County Board of Assessment

Note: Overlapping rates are all real estate tax rates that apply to property owners within Buckingham Township.

# **Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago**

	Dece	ember 3	1, 2022	Dece	mber 3	1, 2013
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value
Taxpayer	 Value	IXAIIK	A3303300 Value	 Value	IXAIIK	A3303300 Value
Buckingham Village LTD.	\$ 2,123,080	1	0.54%	\$ 2,123,080	1	0.55%
Peddler's Village Lahaska Inc.	1,803,600	2	0.46%	1,798,600	2	0.47%
Peruto, Jim LTD Partnership	998,430	3	0.25%			
Heritage Business Center LLP	977,780	4	0.25%	372,360	10	0.10%
JCLP LTD Partnership	739,090	5	0.19%			
Buckingham Green I LP	699,640	6	0.18%	699,640	6	0.18%
Buckingham Green II LP	691,070	7	0.17%	691,070	7	0.18%
Lookaway Partners	562,590	8	0.14%	533,800	8	0.14%
Stonehaven at Penns Purchse, LLC	555,000	9	0.14%			
820(Eight) Durham Road LLC	457,440	10	0.12%	841,200	5	0.22%
Penn's Market II, LLC				1,539,450	3	0.40%
Garrison Cross Keys LLC				1,059,080	4	0.28%
Sovran HHF Storage Holdings II LLC				455,800	9	0.12%
					_	
TOTAL	\$ 395,446,120		2.43%	\$ 383,273,410	_	2.65%

Source: Buckingham Township Tax Collector

# Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

#### Collected within the

		<b>Total Tax</b>	Fiscal Year	r of the Levy	Collections in	Total Collect	tions to Date
<u>Year</u>	Tax Rate (Mills)	Levy for the Year	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount Collected	Percentage of Levy
<u>1001</u>	<u>(mino)</u>	the real	<u>Goneotea</u>	<u>oi Ecvy</u>	10010	<u>ooncotca</u>	<u>oi Lovy</u>
2022	4.00	\$ 1,575,298	\$ 1,542,656	97.93%	\$ 0	\$ 1,542,656	97.93%
2021	4.00	1,566,190	1,531,578	97.79%	5,370	1,536,948	98.13%
2020	4.00	1,564,012	1,525,738	97.55%	16,430	1,534,054	98.08%
2019	4.00	1,557,621	1,520,790	97.64%	11,992	1,532,782	98.41%
2018	4.00	1,561,890	1,511,720	96.79%	14,599	1,526,319	97.72%
2017	4.00	1,551,634	1,503,821	96.92%	17,916	1,521,737	98.07%
2016	5.50	2,128,432	2,059,552	96.76%	29,223	2,088,775	98.14%
2015	5.50	2,123,514	2,052,248	96.64%	28,193	2,080,442	97.97%
2014	5.50	2,109,335	2,036,032	96.52%	39,183	2,075,215	98.38%
2013	5.50	2,107,541	2,028,397	96.24%	39,709	2,068,105	98.13%

Source: Buckingham Township Tax Collector and County of Bucks, Tax Claim Bureau

NOTE: In 2006, the Board of Supervisors passed a resolution freezing the millage for preserved properties. This will result in reduced collections in the future since most preserved properties are being taxed at the 2007, 2008 and 2009 rates which are significantly lower than the current millage rates.

#### Municipal Earned Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	<u>Tax Rate</u>	Total Earned Income Tax <u>Collected</u>	<u>Refunds</u>	Net Earned Income Tax <u>Collected</u>
2022	0.5%	\$ 8,176,556	\$ (86,420)	\$ 8,090,137
2021	0.5%	7,474,439	(84,246)	7,390,193
2020	0.5%	6,837,158	(88,088)	6,749,070
2019	0.5%	6,836,419	(126,097)	6,710,322
2018	0.5%	6,762,568	(102,137)	6,660,431
2017	0.5%	6,847,615	(76,634)	6,770,981
2016	0.5%	6,581,760	(79,606)	6,502,155
2015	0.5%	6,462,068	(75,133)	6,386,935
2014	0.5%	6,149,927	(66,886)	6,083,041
2013	0.5%	5,817,448	(55,226)	5,762,222

Source: Buckingham Township Earned Income Tax Collector

### Income Tax Statistics Last Ten Years

Number of tax filers 2022(1) 2019 2015 2014 Income Range 2021 # 2020 2018 2017 2016 <u>2013</u> 99 85 67 84 82 83 76 78 58 > \$1,000,000 \$500,000 - \$999,999 292 259 238 237 224 219 224 216 178 3275 3160 3150 3109 3065 2933 2895 2767 2587 \$100,000 - \$499,999 2477 2534 \$40,000 - \$99,999 2429 2518 2505 2605 2507 2527 1894 < \$40,000 5287 5478 5561 5931 5938 5774 6118 6051 5681 Total 11,430 11,408 11,552 11,849 11,844 11,607 11,822 11,645 10,398 % of total earned income paid > \$1,000,000 19.45% 13.58% 16.02% 19.45% 19.94% 17.61% 15.55% 18.62% 47.00% \$500,000 - \$999,999 14.26% 14.18 12.56 12.54 11.84 12.48 13.02 12.51 7.42 \$100,000 - \$499,999 49.88% 54.16 53.09 50.00 49.86 50.29 51.53 48.92 # 32.09 \$40,000 - \$99,999 12.57% 13.67 13.96 13.42 13.78 14.86 14.95 15.05 8.67 < \$40,000 3.85% 4.41 4.37 4.59 4.58 4.76 4.95 4.90 4.82 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% Total

<sup>(1)</sup> Data for 2022 will not be available until October 2023.

#### Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Years

	Gov	ernmental Activ	ities	Business-type Activities				
Year	Electoral General Obligation Bonds(1)	Non-electoral General Obligation Bonds(2)	Non-electoral General Obligation Notes(3)	Non-electoral General Obligation Bonds(4)	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal Income (5)	Debt Per <u>Capita (5)</u>	
2022	\$ 3,926,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,873,978	\$ 7,800,406	0.47%	364	
2021	5,178,463	-	-	4,052,816	9,231,279	0.60%	433	
2020	6,380,683	-	-	-	6,380,683	0.49%	296	
2019	7,574,403	-	-	-	7,574,403	0.59%	351	
2018	9,152,329	-	-	-	9,152,329	0.74%	425	
2017	10,690,254	-	-	-	10,690,254	0.90%	496	
2016	12,193,179	-	-	-	12,193,179	1.04%	604	
2015	13,336,008	234,496	-	82,391	13,652,895	1.18%	676	
2014	14,143,835	465,294	-	163,482	14,772,611	1.28%	733	
2013	14,394,578	799,692	2,144,000	280,973	17,619,243	1.65%	875	

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2021, the Genereal Obligation Bonds series 2021B were issued to currenlty refund the 2014 Genereal Obligation Bonds.

Note: Details regarding the Township's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2016, the General Obligation Bond 2012B was paid in full.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2014, General Obligation Note 2008A was paid in full. In 2013, the General Obligation Note 2008B was paid in full.

<sup>(4)</sup> In 2021, the General Obligation Bonds series 2021A were issued to help fund for the Water and Waste Water Complex. Those Bonds are Non-electorial

<sup>(5)</sup> See Demographic and Economic Statistics schedule on page 99 for personal income and population data.

#### Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	Electoral General Obligation Bonds(1)	Non-electoral General Obligation Bonds(2)	Non-electoral General Obligation Notes(3)	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Debt Per <u>Capita</u>
2022	\$ 3,926,428	3,873,978	-	\$ 7,800,406	1.97%	373
2021	5,178,463	4,052,816	-	9,231,279	2.35%	443
2020	6,380,683	-	-	6,380,683	1.62%	318
2019	7,574,403	-	-	7,574,403	1.94%	374
2018	9,152,329	-	-	9,152,329	2.34%	451
2017	10,690,254	-	-	10,690,254	2.76%	526
2016	12,193,179	-	-	12,193,179	3.15%	604
2015	13,336,008	316,887	-	13,652,895	3.54%	676
2014	14,143,835	628,776	-	14,772,611	3.85%	733
2013	14,394,578	1,080,665	2,144,000	17,619,243	4.60%	875

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2021, the Genereal Obligation Bonds series 2021B were issued to currenlty refund the 2014 Genereal Obligation Bonds, which were electoral bonds.

Note: Details regarding the Township's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2021, the Genereal Obligation Bonds series 2021A were issued to help fund Construction of the Water and Waste Water Complex.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2014, General Obligation Note 2008A was paid in full. In 2013, the General Obligation Note 2008B was paid in full.

# Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt As of December 31, 2022

	Total Debt		Percentage Applicable to	Aŗ	Amount oplicable to
<u>Jurisdiction</u> Direct	<u>Outstanding</u>		<b>Buckingham</b>	<u>Buckingham</u>	
Buckingham (1)	\$	3,926,428	100.00%	\$	3,926,428
Overlapping Central Bucks School Disctrict (2)	\$	7,485,000	20.87%		1,562,313
County of Bucks (2)		165,412,700	4.71%		7,788,202
Total Overlapping Debt		172,897,700			9,350,514
Total Debt	\$	176,824,128		\$	13,276,942

Sources: Municipal, Central Bucks School District and County of Bucks financial statements.

Note: Central Bucks School District financial information is for the year ending June 30, 2022.

- (1) Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the Township. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Buckingham Township.
- (2) Proportional share of existing debt as of December 31, 2022 is based on the ratio of Buckingham's assessed value to other municipalities in Central Bucks School District and Bucks County's 2022 total assessed value, respectively.

# Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	Ave	Three Year erage Revenue (borrowing <u>base) (1)</u>	Legal ot Limit (2)	Del	ot Applicable <u>to Limit</u>	ı	_egal Debt <u>Margin</u>	Legal Dek	
2022	\$	20,640,421	\$ 51,601,052	\$	3,873,978	\$	47,727,074	92.49%	
2021		18,828,024	47,070,062		4,052,816		43,017,246	91.39%	
2020		17,735,902	44,339,756		-		44,339,756	100.00%	)
2019		16,775,392	41,938,482		-		41,938,482	100.00%	)
2018		16,342,516	40,856,291		-		40,856,291	100.00%	)
2017		16,022,027	40,055,069		-		40,055,069	100.00%	)
2016		15,436,289	38,590,722		316,887		38,273,835	99.18%	
2015		14,949,135	37,372,838		628,776		36,744,062	98.32%	
2014		14,524,431	36,311,078		1,080,665		35,230,413	97.02%	
2013		14,191,735	35,479,338		1,522,554		33,956,784	95.71%	

<sup>(1)</sup> The local Governmental Unit Debt act (Act 53 of 1978), reenacted and amended Act 185 of 1972 prescribes debt limits, net revenues and the calculation of the borrowing base for all local units in Pennsylvania. The "Debt act" is administered by the Pennsylvania Department of Economic Development.

<sup>(2) 250%</sup> of borrowing base

# Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

<u>Year</u>	Population (1)	Total Personal <u>Income</u>	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Median Household Income (1)	Median Age (1)	Educational Attainment: Bachelor's Degree or higher (1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemployment <u>Rate (3)</u>
2022	20,901	\$ 1,672,560,723	\$ 80,023	\$ 166,369	48.0	65.60%	3,272	2.9%
2021	20,851	1,531,526,801	73,451	155,574	48.7	63.80%	3,352	3.3%
2020	20,350	1,307,705,575	73,451	155,574	44.8	63.80%	3,441	6.6%
2019	20,240	1,277,899,500	63,075	138,789	44.8	59.00%	3,451	3.5%
2018	20,286	1,228,662,162	60,567	128,833	44.8	59.00%	3,568	3.6%
2017	20,306	1,182,276,238	58,223	122,500	43.6	57.40%	3,629	3.7%
2016	20,197	1,175,929,931	58,223	122,500	43.6	57.40%	3,215	4.1%
2015	20,185	1,154,440,705	57,193	119,620	43.6	57.40%	3,215	3.4%
2014	20,161	1,153,068,073	57,193	119,620	43.6	57.40%	3,251	4.3%
2013	20,146	1,068,664,716	53,046	111,207	42.9	54.50%	3,327	5.3%

<sup>(1)</sup> Source: U.S. Census Bureau Quickfacts

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: Central Bucks School District - reflects enrollment at school located in the township.

<sup>(3)</sup> Source: Home Facts for Buckingham, Pennsylvania

# 10 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2022	2	2013				
			Percentage of Total Township			Percentage of Total Township		
Business Name	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	Employment	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<b>Employment</b>		
Central Bucks School District	508	1	6.45%	462	1	10.12%		
Briarwood Recreation Inc.	137	2	1.74%					
Anthony & Sylvan Pools Co.	125	3	1.59%					
Cock N Bull Partnership	105	4	1.33%	135	4	2.96%		
Historic Bucks County Inn Inc.	100	5	1.27%	116	5	2.54%		
Lookaway Partners	99	6	1.26%	56	8	1.23%		
JJLH of Doylestown LLC	92	7	1.17%					
Johnson & Johnson Services Inc.	83	8	1.05%					
Caring People LLC	74	9	0.94%					
Dishes, Inc.	66	10	0.84%	55	9	1.20%		
County of Bucks				184	2	4.03%		
Sicom Systems Inc.				140	3	3.07%		
None Such Farms Inc.				76	6	1.66%		
First Student Management LLC				72	7	1.58%		
Buckingham Township				54	10	1.18%		
	1,389	-	17.62%	1,350	- -	29.56%		
Total Employees	7,881			4,567	- :			

Source: Buckingham Township Earned Income Tax Collector.

# Full-Time Equivalent Municipal Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government										
Administration	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Finance	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Tax	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Public Safety										
Police										
Police Officers	20.0	21.0	20.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	20.0	20.0	21.0	21.0
Administration	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
Safety and Code Enforcement	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Public Works										
Facilities & Roads	9.0	9.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Water	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Waste Water	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	4.0
Recreation										
Administration	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Totals:	51.5	52.5	50.5	51.5	51.5	50.5	49.5	50.5	50.5	50.5

Source: Buckingham Township financial and employment records

Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee, and .5 for each part-time and seasonal employee.

### Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government										
Board of Supervisors meetings	13	13	13	13	13	15	15	17	17	17
Public Safety										
Police (1)										
Traffic citations	664	497	633	850	839	1,055	726	1,048	1,212	1,681
Adult arrests	64	110	107	95	76	83	89	110	123	113
Traffic accidents	430	441	368	576	555	578	559	613	689	667
Juvenile arrests	12	22	16	10	11	40	36	32	27	15
Complaints	16,663	13,685	14,975	17,535	13,219	11,877	10,650	12,859	12,006	11,975
Safety and Codes Enforcement										
Building Permits Issued	367	386	299	365	253	233	313	245	252	276
New homes	2	12	37	38	25	23	12	14	15	45
All other	324	374	262	278	228	210	301	231	237	231
Building inspections performed	2,317	4,269	2,770	2,936	2,896	2,870	2,870	2,438	2,545	3,182
Number of Planning Commission agenda items	6	6	1	4	7	11	6	4	9	6
Number of Zoning Hearing Board hearings	22	24	18	11	18	23	20	14	18	21
Public Works										
Roads and Facilities										
Road paved in feet	23,475	19,241	20,112	23,760	17,794	17,794	22,390	17,225	17,310	19,695
Drainage pipe replaced per foot	80	325	150	450	380	380	360	340	380	420
Dead trees removed	25	125	42	85	65	65	70	65	72	55
Storm sewer inlet repair	22	27	15	35	46	46	42	34	38	32
Salt used per ton	100	1,300	1,100	300	900	900	950	1,200	1,400	1,250
Miles of road gutters cleaned	2	5	17	21	21	21	18	15	12	10
Parks and Recreation										
Total number of program attendees	2,200	2,000	NA/COVID	7,000	7,200	6,825	6,250	6,250	6,150	6,000
Number of people using playing fields	3,000	2,800	NA/COVID	2,700	2,500	2,000	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,725
Water										
Number of customers	3,401	3,401	3,384	3,329	3,310	3,271	3,252	3,240	3,208	3,161
Gallons of water supplied (in thousands)	240,198	220,006	225,489	216,329	210,587	213,670	239,045	252,075	241,030	232,838
Concerns addressed	302	177	286	283	83	83	127	98	74	97
Waste water										
Number of customers	3,373	3,373	3,351	3,283	3,278	3,265	3,243	3,235	3,190	3,121
Gallons of waste water treated (in thousands)	284,335	214,161	209,510	211,530	228,256	211,030	214,839	214,679	225,826	214,839
Concerns addressed	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<20	<10	<10	<10	<5

Source: Buckingham Township financial and internal reporting records

### Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Years

Function/Program	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
General Government										
Square Footage Occupied	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050	5,050
Vehicles	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety										
Police (1)										
Square Footage Occupied	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190	6,190
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	17	16	19	19	24	24	24	24	23	25
Safety and Codes Enforcement										
Square Footage Occupied	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250
Inspection Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire Vehicles	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Volunteer Fire Companies	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Public Works										
Square Footage Occupied	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250	12,250
Streets/roads in miles	104.46	104.46	103.58	102.11	102.11	102.11	102.11	95.18	95.18	95.08
Bridges	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Storm sewers in miles	49.3	49.3	49.3	49.3	49.2	48.5	48.1	48.1	47.5	47.5
Traffic signals	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4	12 3/4
Street Lights	243	243	243	243	243	226	204	204	204	204
Vehicles	16	16	17	16	16	17	16	17	15	14
Parks and Recreation										
Parks	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Park Acreage	153	153	153	153	153	153	133	133	133	129
Water										
Pump and distribution facilities	7	7	7	7	7	8	8	9	9	8
Wells in service	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	19	19	15
Water storage tanks	8	8	8	8	8	10	10	10	10	9
Miles of pipe in service	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	52	51
Vehicles	4.5	6	5	5	5	7	5	6	5	6
Waste Water										
Pumping stations	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	16
Sprayfield acreage in service	228	228	228	228	228	228	228	228	218	218
Future or Reserve acreage for sprayfileds	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	54	47
Lagoons	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	15
Miles of pipe in service	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	56	54
Vehicles	5.5	6	6	6	7	5	6	6	6	5
Waste water treatment plants	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	5

Source: Buckingham Township financial and internal reporting records